FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

Fort Almanac—July 9

Sun Rises	4.50 A M
Sun Sets	7.19 P M
Day's Length	14 h 31 m
High Water at Southport	6 36 P M
High Water at Wilmington	8.29 P M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., July 9.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 72°; 8 p. m., 79°; maximum, 83°; minimum, 72°; mean 78°.

Rainfall for the day, .60.; rainfall for the month up to date, 2.79.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

Very heavy rainfall occurred in the Wilmington district of the cotton belt during the 24 hours ended at 8 a. m. yesterday. At Charlotte there was 2.30 inches: Greensboro, 2.64; Lumberton, 2.08; Cheraw, 2.21; Newbern, 1.33; Weldon, 1.34; Goldsboro, .96; Wilmington, .58. In South Carolina: Greenwood, 4.76; Columbia, 3.36; Batesburg, 2.80; Kingstree, 2.28; Spartanburg, 2.54. In Georgia: Athens, 2.74; Camack, 3.70; West Point, 3.14. In Alabama: Eufaula, 2.02; Fort Deposit, 1.96.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina: Fair, preceded by showers in eastern portion; variable winds, becoming north; probably fair and warmer Friday.

The general storm has moved to North Carolina, diminishing slightly in intensity. Signals are displayed on the Atlantic coast from Wilmington, N. C., to Boston.

OUTLINES.

The National Democratic Convention was called to order at 11 o'clock, and while waiting for the reports of committees several short speeches were made; the Committee on Credentials made its report at 5.50 p. m.; the committee decided that the contesting delegates from the Fourth and Ninth Michigan districts were entitled to seats; this action gives Michigan a solid silver vote in the convention and creates a two thirds silver majority; the report of the Committee on Permanent Organization, naming Senator White, of California, as permanent president, and Thos. J. Cogan, of Ohio, as permanent secretary, was adopted; on assuming the chair Senator White was presented with a silver gavel by Mr. Clark, of Montana. —— At a meeting of the New York delegation it was the opinion of those present that the delegation should leave the hall after the free silver platform is adopted; ex-Secretary Whitney advised them that it would be best for the interest of the gold men for the delegates to remain in their seats but take no part in the proceedings. —— Judge Simonton, of the U. S. Circuit Court, has signed a decree of foreclosure for the sale of the Lynchburg & Durham Railroad. —— The steamer Three Friends landed an expedition in Cuba Monday night; a battle was fought Sunday near Guanabacoa, in which the Spaniards were defeated. —— Nearly every business house in Pensacola was unroofed by a storm and the contents damaged; the damage to the city is about $200,000; no lives were lost. —— New York markets: Money on call was easy at 1¼ per cent; last loan at 2, closing offered at 2 per cent. cotton steady; middling gulf 7 11-16 cts.; middling uplands 7 7-16; Southern flour easy and unchanged; common to fair extra $2.10@2.70, good to choice $2.70@3.00; wheat—spot dull and firmer with options; corn—spot dull and firm; No. 2 33¾@33c at elevator and 33⅝@34c afloat; spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 25@25½c; rosin easy and dull; strained common to good $1 65@1 67½.

Mark Hanna chews gum. But he should be careful not to get his gum and McKinley mixed in the same pocket.

About $30,000,000 have been pulled out of the gold reserve since April, and it is mighty near the $100,000,000 notch.

The Chicago newspaper which announces that Chicago is to be "made moral and clean," has laid out a pretty big job for somebody.

According to the figures of the Chicago *Tribune* there is, in one way and another, over $400,000,000 invested in bicycles in this country. The bike is little but it is great.

The Chicago *Post* is entirely satisfied with Mr. McKinley's utterances on the money question. Mr. McKinley's utterances are so varied that all one has to do is pick out and take his choice.

One of the latest acquisitions to the free silver forces is Mr. John Brisben Walker, proprietor of the *Cosmopolitan* magazine, who in a public meeting in New York a few nights ago made a free silver speech.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LVIII.—NO. 92. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, JULY 9, 1896. WHOLE NO. 8,927

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

Attention is called to the following REDUCED RATES of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

The Springfield *Republican* thinks the fool killer would have some work if he visited Louisville and came across those bankers who have resolved to lend no money to free silver men. It ventures the opinion that they are getting in some pretty good work for the silver cause, an opinion in which it is eminently level-headed.

There were laid in the United States in the first half of this year 788 miles of new railway, which according to the *Railway Age*, is 23 per cent. more than for the corresponding period of 1895, and 47 per cent. more than for the first six months of 1894. The *Age* estimates that the new mileage for this year will amount to 2,000 miles.

When Boss Platt referred to McKinley as the "mortgaged" candidate, Mark Hanna & Co. held the mortgage, but since the gold men of the East have formed a combine with Hanna & Co. and have become jointly interested with them in the mortgage Boss Platt is not saying so much about it.

A Chicago paper calls attention to the fact that nearly all the gold delegates to Chicago wear high silk hats, while the silver delegates wear soft hats. This is indiscreet on the part of the gold delegates. A high silk hat presents a forlorn appearance after it has been sat upon.

The Salt Lake *Tribune* correctly states the situation when it says "the contest is going to be between the merciless capital of the East and the working hosts of the nation." And the working hosts of the nation will be heard from with emphasis in November.

Gen. Weyler is going to build another forty-mile trocha. Gen. Weyler seems to comprehend the kind of work his soldiers are best fitted for. Thus far they have shown more talent for fence building than for tackling live rebs.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STR WILMINGTON—Schedule.
POWERS, GIBBS & CO.—Notice.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

WANTED—Position as housekeeper.
W M CUMMING—Building lot wanted
J W HARPPER—Four hundred prizes.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— As told in the STAR yesterday the steamer *Frank Sessoms* will to-day resume her trips on the Cape Fear river, leaving at 2.30 p. m. for Fayetteville.

— There was no abatement of the interest in the proceedings of the Chicago convention yesterday, and the bulletins of the Telegraph Companies were eagerly read.

— Four hundred useful presents will be given away to-morrow (Friday) at Carolina Beach to purchasers of tickets to the Beach on that day. Only 400 tickets will be sold.

— There is no sort of doubt that the Silver Democrats now control the Chicago convention by a two-thirds vote. The result of the fight for the Michigan vote settled that question unmistakably.

— Passengers leaving here yesterday for Richmond, Va., had to go via Norfolk, owing to a washout on the Richmond Division between Weldon and Petersburg, thirty-eight miles north of Weldon.

— Mr. W. W. Vick has been appointed chief correspondent for North Carolina of the *Sporting News*, one of the leading authorities of the country on sporting matters—base ball and foot ball in particular.

— If a reader of the New York *Herald* or *World* should form his conclusions from reading the head-lines of those papers he would conclude that Whitney and his three hundred were almost in control of the Chicago convention.

— The Lumberton *Robesonian* reports that, Tuesday at noon, Mr. Fred. I. Bond was considered at the point of death. Mr. Bond married a Miss Leggett, of Wilmington, and has many friends here. His mother-in-law, Mrs. Leggett, is with him.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. C. F. McRae, of Fayetteville, is in the city.

— Mr. C. B. Aycock, of Goldsboro, is in the city on business.

— Mr. A. W. Bryan who has been sick with typhoid fever, is out again.

— Mayor W. S. Cook, of Fayetteville, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Robert Sheehan left yesterday for Baltimore, to accept a position.

— Master Ray R. Powers, the STAR is glad to learn, was much easier yesterday.

—Mrs. F. P. Spragins, of Tarboro, is in the city, on a visit to her brother, Mr. John L. Turner.

— Mrs. Jos. M. Cronly and children, of New York city, are here on a visit to Mr. M. Cronly and family.

— Miss Masten, of New York city, and Miss Wendenburg, of Richmond, Va., are visiting Mr. DuBrutz Cutlar at Wrightsville.

— Mr. John French, of Florence, S. C., is in the city, visiting relatives and friends. He will go to the Beach for a few weeks' recreation.

— Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Talbird, of Macon, Ga., who have been here on their bridal tour, visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Talbird of this city, returned home yesterday after a pleasant stay.

— The STAR had a pleasant visit yesterday from Capt. R. P. Paddison, now of Titusville, Florida. "Dick" still loves North Carolina, and will probably return to his old home next Spring for good."

— Messrs. R. P. Hamer, Jr., Hamer; Wm. H. Chadbourn, Jr., Newbern; T. R. Robertson, Charleston; Will Watts, Wilson; R. G. Grady, Burgaw; W. A. Goslen, Winston, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Ed. Brown, representing Felgner & Co., of Baltimore, Md., who has been in the city for several days in the interest of his firm and at the same time entertaining his mother, Mrs. Augusta Brown, of Baltimore, who was visiting here, left yesterday for Augusta, Ga., Mrs. Brown leaving to return North, after a pleasant stay at our Summer resorts.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—2 casks spirits turpentine, 14 bbls tar, 20 bbls crude turpentine.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—88 casks spirits turpentine, 76 bbls rosin, 33 bbls tar, 2 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—10 casks spirits turpentine, 28 bbls rosin, 2 bbls tar, 20 bbls crude turpentine.

Steamer Daggett—7 casks spirits turpentine, 5 bbls tar, 20 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Spirits turpentine, 65 casks; rosin, 123 bbls; tar, 56 bbls; crude turpentine, 63 bbls.

A Residence Robbed.

The residence of Mr. Junius Davis, on Third street near Chesnut, was burglarized Tuesday night. Mr. Davis and family are spending the Summer on the Sound. Yesterday, Mr. Thos. Davis, son of Mr. Junius Davis, found that the house had been broken open. The thief or thieves effected an entrance by breaking a pane of glass in one of the windows opening on the back piazza and then unlatched the window and raised the sash. A dress coat, an overcoat, underwear, etc., were taken. A few articles were found in a box bidden in the back yard. The police are on the lookout for the thieves and the goods.

In the Shoe Trade.

Mr. J. B. Mercer, one of Wilmington's young but "wide awake" merchants, who has been connected as partner with the firm of Mercer & Evans, then Mercer & Gaylord, and later Mercer & Evans, in the wholesale and retail shoe business, announces that he has purchased the interest of the late Mr. H. C. Evans assuming complete control of the business in all its branches. He is a thorough and capable business man, with long experience in this line, and his many friends wish him success in his enterprise.

A Fishing Frolic.

The officials of the Inter-State Telephone and Telegraph Company, Messrs. L. A. Carr, S. T. Morgan, F. B. Dancy and Eugene L. Miller, who returned from their fishing trip on the steamer *Navassa* yesterday about five o'clock, reported a very pleasant trip to Southport and the Rocks, and a cool night by the seashore. They were accompanied by Messrs. C. E. Borden, R. N. Sweet and Frank H. Stedman of this city. The visitors left for home last night.

A Rare Game of Base Ball.

Two picked nines of fat men, lean men, long men and short men are to cross bats to-morrow afternoon at Hilton Park, for the benefit of the Shelter of the Silver Cross. The players will consist of merchants, lawyers, saw mill men, newspaper men, etc., and a rare game is promised. The price of admission will be only 15 cents, and the grand stand should be packed. Look in to-morrow's paper for a list of the players.

Southeast Storm Signals.

The southeast storm signal was ordered up at the Weather Bureau station here at 3.10 p. m. yesterday. There was a storm of considerable energy then central in South Carolina, moving northeast; it would probably advance along the coast, causing easterly gales and heavy rains last night.

RALEIGH NEWS ITEMS.

POLITICAL GOSSIP AT THE STATE CAPITAL.

Great Interest in the Chicago Convention—The Populist Campaign—Heavy Rains—Streams All Swollen—Mrs. Walter Clark's Condition.

[*Special Star Correspondence*]

RALEIGH, N. C., July 8.

Very heavy rains have visited this section during the past twenty-four hours. Rain was badly needed, though there are some fears that crops have been injured out in the country, where it has been raining for several days past. The streams are all swollen.

Sunday morning a pretty, bright, well dressed young girl, aged about twelve years, came here from Savannah. She got off the train at the passenger depot expecting to see her mother, who telegraphed the child from Columbia to meet her here. The child's name is Mary Smith and her mother has not yet been found. The child says she used to live in Montgomery county.

Mrs. Clark, wife of Judge Walter Clark, who has been in a critical condition for several days, is some better today.

The Wake Executive Committee of the People's party will meet here Saturday. Delegates to St. Louis will be chosen.

The Populists are to inaugurate Alliance picnics and silver speakings, as a method of campaigning, beginning this week. Spier Whitaker leads off Friday with a speech to the Robeson county Alliance.

The *Caucasian* this week hops on lawyers. That paper has seen fit to criticise the Democrats for placing members of the bar on the ticket, but not one word has it said about the Republican ticket, which is entirely filled by lawyers.

Great interest centers here in the Chicago Convention. It is very likely that Bryan is the favorite among the candidates with Raleigh Democrats, though Bland and Boies have many admirers. All during the day the bulletin boards are crowded with people who block the streets.

It is evident that the Populists in North Carolina are badly scared. The very existence of the party in this State is about to undergo a severe test. If the Democrats put up a good silver Democrat and he receives the support of Teller, Peffer, Carter, DuBois and the other silver leaders, the North Carolina Populists will be in a bad way.

Enlarging Its Facilities.

It is exceedingly gratifying to us to note that the eyes of capital are turning in the direction of our "City by the Sea," and the advertisement of Messrs. Powers, Gibbs & Co. in this issue, giving notice of the admittance of Mr. Edwin W. Pond as a member of that enterprising firm, will be read with much interest and pleasure by our people. Mr. Pond is a capitalist of much ability and will add strength to this large concern.

"Almont" has for some time past presented a busy scene, as these gentlemen are enlarging their modern plant to such proportions as will make it, when completed, stand head and shoulders above all other works of its class in the South. Their facilities for shipping are unsurpassed and the employment regularly of such a large force of men will be of untold benefit to the welfare of our community.

The up-to-date firm of Powers, Gibbs & Co. was established in 1883, and the success obtained by them is certainly remarkable, their brands now being a household word in Southern homesteads and are the standard first class fertilizers.

The STAR wishes this firm long life and a continuance of the prosperity that has been accorded them in the past.

Two Box-Cars and a Locomotive Damaged.

The south-bound train which left Wilmington yesterday afternoon at 3.30 o'clock met with an accident shortly after leaving which resulted in the smashing of two box-cars and engine No. 27 being badly damaged.

The train had barely gotten outside the city and upon turning the curve at the Union depot Y, the engineer saw that two box cars had left the spur track and were standing on the main line just ahead of him. Engineer Meadows reversed the lever and applied brakes, and Conductor Harlow had hand-brakes applied as soon as the signal sounded. The passengers felt only a jolt and hardly knew what had happened until upon going outside they found the cow-catcher and front of the engine smashed and the smoke-stack and headlight knocked completely off. The two box cars were derailed. Engineer Meadows and Capt. Harlow, two of the oldest employes of the A. C. L., knew their business, returned to the city, secured another engine and as soon as the track was cleared the train was again on its way, the passengers complimenting the efficiency and quick work of the A. C. L. employes.

Who Will It Be?

"Who do you think will be nominated at Chicago?" This interrogatory was shied at a STAR man seventy-five or thirty times yesterday. And it was one that couldn't be answered in any but a "know-nothing" way. The indications still are that Bland will receive a larger vote than any other candidate on the first ballot, but he may find it hard to get the coveted two-thirds. Boies comes next to Bland in strength. But there never was a time in the history of the Democratic conventions when the result was more uncertain. To day we may have something more definite.

Carolina Cycle Club.

The Carolina Cycle Club held a meeting last night to discuss the proposed opening of a club house on Wrightsville Beach with baths, newspapers, &c. (as mentioned in the STAR some time since) and appointed Messrs. T. H Wright, W. A French, Jr., and Jas. Solky a committee to select site or rent or lease a piece of property for the proposed club house. It was thought necessary to increase membership and Messrs. H D. Springer, W. L. Latta and Ike Solomon were appointed to solicit applications.

THE CITY HOSPITAL.

Changes and Improvement in Its Management—New Rules and Regulations—Appointment of Board of Regents.

[*Communicated*]

The readers of the STAR will remember that a few months ago there was a conference of the physicians, at the City Hospital, and as a result a complete set of new rules and regulations were adopted, providing for everything that will improve and better the condition of that important institution in our midst.

A Board of Regents, to serve for five years, and constituted as follows, was appointed by the Board of Managers, viz: Drs. W J Love, G o G. Thomas, W. J. H. Bellamy. Thos. S. Burbank, J. C. Shepard.

The board was organized last Monday night, Dr. Love being made president and Dr. Bellamy secretary.

Their duties in part as provided for by the printed regulations are as follows:

"This board shall have control of the medical matters of the hospital, exercising a supervision over the management of the institution and making semi-annual reports to the Board of Managers, of the condition of the property, the needs of the institution and the conduct of officials and employes and such suggestions as may appear necessary for the maintenance and betterment of the hospital service. They shall meet at the hospital at noon, on the last Friday of each month, for the transaction of business and at such other times as the president may direct or two members of the board may request. Three members shall constitute a quorum. They shall select by lot two (2) physicians of the city to serve for two months as visiting physicians, who shall assist the resident physician in the care of the patients in the free wards, and also during their term of service be ready to respond to his call for help in emergency; provided, that in all capital operations the resident physician or visiting physicians may summon such other help as they deem necessary or advisable.

"The Board of Regents shall give such orders and establish such regulations as they may think necessary for carrying into effect the objects of this institution; provided, such orders and regulations be not inconsistent with those established by the Board of Managers.

"They shall see that no patient be allowed to remain in the Hospital when in a condition to be discharged; and that all patients whose diseases may be incurable, are removed with the least possible delay.

"They may, at their discretion, discharge any patient or Hospital attendant for disorderly conduct.

"They shall examine as to whether economy is observed in the several departments of the Hospital; as to the cleanliness and order of all parts of the house and grounds; as to the quality and quantity of the food given the patients; and into the conduct of the several officers of the house."

With improved methods, good discipline and a good service, we expect good results.

It is hoped this institution, which is maintained by the city and county for the benefit of the suffering poor in our midst, will receive the encouragement of our citizens generally. There are extensive grounds and ample room for all the necessary wards and buildings of a well organized, modern hospital, and it is to be hoped that the day is not far distant when some noble benefactor will leave upon those premises, in the shape of an endowment, a monument "more lasting than brass." In most of the cities of any size there have been erected buildings or wards bearing the names of the benefactors, and is our city to be an exception? We think not.

We believe that some one is just waiting for the opportunity, and much good in the shape of relief to suffering humanity will be accomplished.

NOTES FROM MERRY MAXTON.

[*W. B. Harker's Letter in the Lumberton Robesonian.*]

Mrs. J. F. Wishart, who has been visiting relatives here, returned to her home in Wilmington last Friday.

The Maxton Guards were out on their monthly drill last Thursday night. They are a fine body of young men, soldierly in appearance, proficient in drill, and patriotic in sentiment.

Sandy McKinnon, the bicycle and excursion man, has another treat in store for our people. The excursion will run from Hasty to Wilmington, by way of Fayetteville on Monday week, the 20th inst., passing Maxton at 5.37 a. m. The train will leave Wilmington on the return trip at 7.30 p. m.

The Red Springs Hotel, and the Hotel Townsend are delightful resting places. The numerous springs of healthgiving waters which flow on forever, together with the genial citizens, combine to make Red Springs a popular Summer resort. The citizens of Red Springs have shown their enterprise in securing the location there of the Presbyterial Female College. The building which is being erected on Institute hill, that gently slopes toward the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad, will be convenient for its purpose.

Mr. J. D. Austin, Carolina Central agent, met with a severe accident last Friday night and a colored man named Cook, who works at McKinnon's livery stables, got a knot on his head. Mr. Austin was going home from the depot on his wheel at a pretty high rate of speed and Cook was coming down Railroad street on another wheel. Neither carried a lamp and a collision resulted. Cook's head struck Austin's mouth and knocked all of his upper teeth out.

CONVENTION DATES.

Populist National Convention, St. Louis, July 22.

Silver National Convention, St. Louis, July 22.

Democratic Congressional Convention 6th District—Rockingham, August 2th.

DIED.

KENNEDY—Wednesday, July 8th, JOHN KENNEDY, in his 29th year.

Funeral from residence, No. 211 North Ninth street, to day at 4 o'clock p. m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

400 Useful Presents Given Away

AT CAROLINA BEACH, FRIDAY, JULY 10. Only four hundred tickets to be sold. Each person purchasing one of the tickets will receive a present. Most of the presents retail for more than the price of a ticket.

jy 9 1t J. W. HARPER

Notice.

WILMINGTON, N. C., May 1st, 1896.

WE BEG TO ANNOUNCE THAT MR. EDWIN W. POND has this day been admitted as a member of our firm. Respectfully,

jy 9 1t POWERS, GIBBS & CO.

Wall Paper, Wall Paper.

We have the largest and most complete stock of WALL PAPER in the State, which we are offering at greatly reduced prices.

WINDOW SHADES,

all sizes, made to order from the best imported Holland.

Picture Framing.

We make a specialty of picture framing, and make up all sizes from the latest styles of moulding. Fine Pictures, Etchings, Photographs and Engravings.

Easels, Screens, Cornice Poles, Picture Nails and Hooks, Room Mouldings, etc.

Remember we buy for CASH from first hands and guarantee bottom prices.

C. W. Yates & Co.,

je 28 tf Wilmington. N. C.

20 Per Cent. Discount

FOR CASH ONLY

on all Ladies' and Gentlemen's

TAN.

Lace, Button Shoes and Oxfords.

No Old Stock,

But New Goods

that must be sold to make room for our Fall stock.

Canvass Leggins at 75c.

Light weight Jersey Leggins, Black and Tan, at $1.00.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

jy 7 tf

NOTICE.

HAVING PURCHASED THE OTHER HALF of the entire Wholesale and Retail Boot and Shoe business, known as Mercer & Evans, successors to H. C. Evans, at 115 Princess street, which includes the entire interest in said business of the late H. C. Evans, such as half of stock of Boots and Shoes, books and book accounts due and becoming due, good will, &c., and at the same time assuming all the liabilities pertaining to said firm, the undersigned will continue the business under the firm name of Mercer & Evans, at the same old stand.

Respectfully,

J. B. MERCER.

To those whose accounts are due we would respectfully say. Please pay at once. It is necessary. To those whose accounts will be due we would respectfully say: Please pay promptly when due. It is necessary. To those who have been dealing with us we would in gratitude say: Thank you, with the hope that you and we have been mutually benefitted, and that you will continue to wear our Shoes. It is necessary. To those who have dealt with us and feel like they did not get full value for what they paid, we would say kindly let us know it, that we may have the chance to set the matter right. It is necessary. To those who have never dealt with us we would earnestly say: When in need of Shoes give us a trial. It is necessary. To all we extend a most cordial invitation to wear our Shoes. It is necessary.

Respectfully,

MERCER & EVANS,

Successors to H. C. Evans.

Wilmington, N. C., July 7, 1896. jy 8 tf

SOUTHPORT AND CAROLINA BEACH

SCHEDULE.

STEAMER WILMINGTON.

	For Southport.	For Carolina Beach.			
	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
MONDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	.....	5 15
TUESDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	.....	5 15
WEDNESDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	3 00	5 15
THURSDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	3 00	5 15
FRIDAY	9 30	8 00	9 30	3 00	5 15
SATURDAY	9 30	6 00	9 30	3 00	5 15
SUNDAY	...	...	10 00	3 30	.....

Schedule for return see Black Board at the Beach. Fare to Beach and return 50c. Fare on S. 15 to the Pier and return 15 cents.

ju 7 tf J. W. HARPER.

Combination Bicycle

FOR SALE.

A Combination "Crusader" Bicycle, for either lady or gentleman. Cushion Tires. Brand new. Will be sold cheap. Call in person, or address M., at STAR OFFICE.

ap 7 tf

Accuracy in Prescriptions.

A BROADER TERM THAN MANY SUPpose. Some people imagine it relates only to chemicals or preparations bearing the same name as that appearing on the prescription. This is one step only. To complete the sense of the term, each ingredient must be pure—must be capable of exerting the highest medicinal effect. We believe in accuracy of this kind. It has given us the esteem of physicians, the confidence of the public. We'll take good care of your prescriptions.

Iodoline Hair Tonic, 50c., is a pleasant dressing, an excellent scalp-cleaner, but not a dye. Perhaps you need something like it.

JAMES D. NUTT, Druggist,

jy 7 tf Cor. Front and Grace Streets.

The University.

36 TEACHERS, 534 STUDENTS, TUITION $60 a year, Board $8 (eight dollars) a month, 3 Full College Courses, 3 Brief Courses, Law School, Medical School, Summer School for Teachers, Scholarships and loans for the needy. Address PRESIDENT WINSTON, Chapel Hill, N. C.

ju 28 2w

For Rent,

COTTAGES

on CAROLINA BEACH. Apply to D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

my 19 tf

I Tried All Others

But Found No Store to Equal It!

Was reported a few days ago by a man from the country. I had a large memorandum to fill, and I found the prices at the One Price Racket Store a good deal cheaper. This is what my family need, and I have only $20.00 to buy it with. The first thing I will begin by buying

9 yards of Shirt Waist Calico, at 4c per yard,	$ 36
8 yards of beautiful White Organdie, 33 inches wide, at 12½c,	1 00
2 pairs Ladies' Slippers, Nos. 3 and 4, at 40c	80
1 pair men's high cut oil'ed grain Shoes, perfectly solid, at 80c a pair,	80
1 pair nice Congress Shoes at	99
1 dozen White Ties for myself,	10
1 bow for my daughter, new style, at	25
1 Child's Tie, all silk,	13
5 yards fine Silk for my daughter's Waist, at 25c a yard,	1 25
5 yards Cream Lace, 3 inches wide, at 6c,	30
6 pairs fast black Hose, good quality, for 8½c a pair,	50
1 Summer Coat and Vest for myself, house use, fast color	75
2 fine White Bell Crown Sailor Hats, nicely bound, at 50c,	1 00
1 ladies' nice Trimmed Hat at	98
1 Baby Cap, nice Embroidery, at	25
6 yards Valencia Lace, 6 inches wide, at 8c,	48
2 Balbriggan Undervests for myself, at 25c,	50
4 ladies' full size Underwear, at 5c,	2
4 ladies' full black nicely trimmed, at 10c,	40
2 pairs heavy Twilled Drawers, at 20c,	40
6 fine white Hemstitched Handkerchiefs,	25
16 yards of heavy nice Matting, at 12½c,	2 00
3 yards of White Apron Lawn, 40 inches, bordered, at 10c,	30
1 fine White Straw Hat for self, at	35
2 Caps in Golf style, for boys, at 15c,	30
1 Suit Cloth made of Blue Flannel,	3 50
1 Wash Suit for 6-year old boy,	99
2 pairs Men's Odd Pants, at 45c,	90
1 pair nice all wool Sunday Pants,	1 25
20 yards Dress Gingham, at 4c,	80
15 yards 1 yard wide Homespun, at 8c,	45
10 yards Rockingham A Homespun, at 5c,	50
10 yards nice Checked Homespun, at 8c,	80
1 pair Side Combs for	5
1 beautiful large Silver Belt Buckle for	10
1 nice black Silk Belt at	15
1 Man's Leather Belt, 2 rings, at	90
1 heavy top Shirt, full size, at	35
1 Laundered Shirt for myself, at	40
1 good Nickel Watch, stem-winder and setter, at	1 50
1 Shirt Set cuff button and collar button, and 3 shirt studs, at	25
1 box Swan Down,	5
1 quire Writing Paper,	3
1 pack Envelopes,	3
1 bottle Black Ink,	2
Well this fills my memorandum, and I wish you would add up and see how much it all makes We put this bill down in total,	$25 71

You can see what we sell goods for. We have a large and full store, and we want to do business with you. Come and do as your neighbor did: buy your goods at the One Price; Spot Cash Racket Store, the largest and cheapest store in the State.

You will find us at 119 North Front street, opposite the Orton House.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

WILMINGTON'S BIG RACKET STORE.

P. S.—20 pieces Linen Goods just received. jy 8 tf

Specials This Week

—AT—

C. W. Polvogt & Co.'s,

Successors to Katz & Polvogt,

No. 9 North Front St.

59c Linens, plain, plaid striped, 45c.
15c Jaconet Lawn and Dimities 12c.
15c Duck, in stripes and fancy weaves, 10c.
Special inducements will be offered this week in our

Ladies' Muslin Underwear Department.

We carry the largest line in the State.

Corset Covers 19c. Tucked Drawers 25c. Gowns 50c. Skirts 50c, &c.

Just received 75 rolls new China and Japanese Matting from 10 to 50c.
Special Bargains on 50c Remnants of Matting.
Those in want of a Carpet for Fall will save 25 per cent. if they purchase this week.
Full assortment of Window Shades, Mosquito Nets, Porch Screens.
20 per cent. discount on our entire stock of Ladies' Shirt Waist this week.
Keywood Baby Carriages $8 to $35.
Full stock of Ladies' Linen Collars and Cuffs. Ladies' Leather Belts 19c each. 26 inch Gloria Silk Umbrellas $1.25. Full assortment Ladies', Gent's and Children's Hose.

C. W. Polvogt & Co.,

Sole Agent for Butterick Patterns and W. B. Corsets. jy 7 tf

A BIG BREAK IN

Dry Goods,

Commencing Monday Morning, June 29th,

We will offer 15 pieces of Dotted and Striped Fancy Swiss Muslin at 35c, former price 75c.
Twenty five pieces of Fancy Cotton Piisse at 12½c, former price 18c.
Twenty pieces of Fancy Wool Challie and Swivel Silk at 25c, former prices 40 and 50c.
Five pieces of 45-inch Fancy Flouncing at 75c, former price $1.00.
We have about 25 dozen Ladies' Shirt Waist that will be sold at the following prices:
75 cents quality at 60 cents.
90 cents quality at 70 cents.
$1.00 quality at 80 cents.
$1 35 quality at $1.00.
$1.50 quality at $1.15.
$1.75 quality at $1 35.
A complete stock of Ladies' Fancy Parasols and Umbrellas from $1.00 to $10.00.
Ladies' Vests in a variety of styles from 10c to 75c.
We are headquarters for Ladies' and Children's Hosiery.

ALL MILLINERY GOODS AT COST.

JOHNSON & FORE.

No. 111 Market St.

TELEPHONE CALL 193. je 28 tf

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company.

Stockholders are Invited

To call and draw their semi-annual dividend now payable.

DEPOSITORS ARE INVITED to call and collect interest on their deposits for last quarter now payable.

EVERY BODY IS INVITED to save up for the proverbial "rainy day" and deposit in the

Wilmington Savings and Trust Company.

This Bank paid depositors within the past year over seventy-six hundred dollars in interest. Did you get any of that money? If not, begin at once.

Interest not drawn at end of quarter is compounded. je 28 tf

CLOSE FIGURING

Enabled us to lay in a Stock of Hardware, &c., which we are now offering at lowest prices. We are not selling below cost, either. We make a profit—albeit, a small one—on every article, The "Close Figuring" to which we have alluded does the rest. We invite attention to the follwing: Wire Screens, a certain protection against flies and mosquitoes. Water Coolers. Ice Cream Freezers, all sizes, from one quart up. Hardware specially suited to country buyers. Step Ladders, Howes' Scales, Oil Stoves in great variety. Fishing Tackle and Poles, Rubber Hose, Clothes Wringers, Fine Cutlery, Tinware, Guns and Ammunition. Finest line of Granite and Agate Ware in the State.

J. W. MURCHISON,

Orton Building,

je 19 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

PEACE FOR YOUNG LADIES, Raleigh, N. C.

No superior work done anywhere, North or South. It has now the best faculty it has ever had. The advantages offered in Literature, Languages, Music and Art are unsurpassed.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

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Institute.

JAMES DINWIDDIE, M. A. (University of Virginia) PRINCIPAL.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 9, 1896

STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

THEY WILL BE ELECTED.

FOR GOVERNOR:
CYRUS B. WATSON,
of Forsyth.
FOR LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR:
THOMAS W. MASON,
of Northampton.
FOR SECRETARY OF STATE:
CHARLES M. COOKE,
of Franklin.
FOR STATE TREASURER:
B. F. AYCOCK,
of Wayne.
FOR STATE AUDITOR:
R. M. FURMAN,
of Buncombe.
FOR SUPT. PUBLIC INSTRUCTION:
JOHN C. SCARBOROUGH,
of Johnston.
FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL:
F. I. OSBORNE,
of Mecklenburg.
ASSOCIATE JUSTICES SUPREME COURT:
A. C. AVERY, of Burke,
GEO. H. BROWN, Jr., of Beaufort.

☞ "I am for McKinley, Russell and Gold," says Oscar J. Spears, one of the Republican candidates for Elector-at-Large.

☞ "I desire to meet Mr. Russell on the hustings of North Carolina. I want the people to hear us and decide between me and what I represent, and what I think he represents. With their decision I shall be content. If elected Governor of your State, I shall see that every man, no matter what his station in life or what his politics, is given every privilege granted him by the Constitution of North Carolina." —*Cyrus B. Watson, Democratic candidate for Governor.*

THE PEOPLE VS. THE PLUTOCRACY.

The Democratic party has always been the party of the people, that's what the name means. The Republican party claims to be the party of the people, has always made loud profession of devotion to the people, but its career has been one of base hypocrisy and a ruthless betrayal of the people in the interest of monopolies and combines, which have controlled it almost from the day of its birth, but never more than now.

The difference between the two parties has always been quite apparent, but never more than in the issues that now divide them. Going back to the early struggles between the parties just after the war, we find the Democratic party contending for the rights of the people of the Southern States whom the leaders of the Republican party regarded as a subjugated people and and for whom they claimed the right to legislate and to govern as a conquered people. True to its mission as the party of the people the Democratic party came to the rescue of the people of the South, when there was not one single Democratic S ate in the North and although for the time being hopeless of victory made the fight for the people against their would-be oppressors flushed with triumph and arrogant and imperious in their strength. There never was a day since then that the Democratic party failed to champion the cause of the Southern people when efforts were made to oppress them by partisan or proscriptive legislation.

Aside from the plotting politicians who worked for party supremacy because that meant their own gain, the two dominant factors in the Republican party were the manufacturers, who secured through it such legislation as they desired, and the money powers, which secured through it the legislation which enabled them to hold control of the money system of the country and to shape its financial policies as they thought best. With them the best way was always the way that put the most money into their coffers.

It was the Representatives of the Republican party who in the first few years of its rule gave away in bonuses to railroads lands of the public domain equal in area to four or five States like North Carolina.

It was the Representatives of the Republican party who after selling thousands of millions of Government bonds for less than half their face value, to syndicates composed of foreigners and "patriotic" Republicans, three years after the war declared that these bonds, redeemable in "lawful money," were redeemable in "coin."

It was the Representatives of the Republican party who began the policy of contracting the currency by reducing or funding and destroying the greenbacks, and continued it until a Democratic Congress stopped it and required the re-issuing of the greenbacks redeemed.

It was the Representatives of the Republican party who demonetized silver in 1873 and thus made the bonds which they had declared redeemable in "coin," redeemable in gold.

It was the Representatives of the Republican party who after defeating the Bland free coinage bill in 1878, favored a compromise in the Bland Allison bill which provided for limited coinage.

It was the Representatives of the Republican party who after twelve years repealed the Bland-Allison law, and through cowardice when they heard from the people passed the substitute Sherman bill, and it was the Representatives of the Republican party who three years later repealed the purchase clause of that bill, for it never could have been done, without providing for the free coinage of silver, if they had not supported and voted for the repeal.

And in the meantime it was the Representatives of the Republican party who forced upon the country the protective tariff, increasing the duties every time they touched them, and squeezed hundreds of millions of dollars annually out of the people for the benefit of the protected manufacturers.

It was the Representatives of the Republican party who piled up the pensions, not from the love of the soldier, but to secure his vote, until we pay more in pensions than half a dozen of the leading nations of Europe combined, counting the pensioners of all their wars.

And now the leaders of that party cap the climax of a story of hypocrisy and treachery to the people by going over bodily to the protected manufacturers, represented by Mark Hanna, the Mentor of McKinley, and to the bosses of Wall street, whose spokesmen at St. Louis dictated the gold plank on which McKinley stands with one foot while the other rests upon the protection plank dictated by Mark Hanna and the set he represents.

This is the Republican party, in brief, as it was and is. In what striking contrast to the Democratic party, which has fought the combines and championed the cause of the toiling millions as it is doing today, notwithstanding the fact that there are some within its lines claiming to be spokesmen and leaders who would surrender to the most unscrupulous and merciless of the combines—the money power. But there will be no surrender, for the Democratic party is fighting the battles of the people against grasping greed and merciless monopolies.

MINOR MENTION.

In the interview with Mr. Ben T. Cable, of Illinois, published in the STAR yesterday, from the New York *Journal*, a gold standard paper, he not only gives up Illinois as sure to go for free silver by an immense majority, but predicts that "this silver craze is going to become as dominant in the East as it is to-day in the West." The gold men have given themselves little thought about the East, but have taken it for granted that these States would be solid for gold in the November election, and it was not until recently that they realized the fact that free silver had any foothold there. But they have no idea yet how strong that foothold is and probably will not have until the campaign opens and warms up and the free silver men begin to take a hand in the fight. It is not surprising that they should not have realized the strength of this movement, for while in the West and in the South the agitation and organization were pushed openly, in the East there was no agitation, and the organization was carried on quietly to avoid attracting the attention of those strong enough to impede if not crush it by intimidation and other methods which they might have resorted to. While we believed there was a strong free silver sentiment among the masses of the East, we confess that we did not know that it was so organized as to become a potent factor until we were recently put in possession of information by a gentleman who has been actively engaged in the work of organization, showing how the work had been systematically pursued, and that where the clubs originally numbered but a few they now number hundreds; but they are making no noise, and giving out no signs by which the opposition can estimate their strength. The work of organization has been, to use a current phrase, "a still hunt," and when the votes are counted in November there will be a good many more surprised gold men than there are now.

* * *

Ex-Governor Waller, of Connecticut, didn't do either his discretion or his Democracy any credit when he permitted himself, in his speech advocating the seating of Senator Hill as temporary chairman of the convention, to indulge in threats as to what the gold men might do in the convention and afterwards. If the gold men had a majority in that convention ex-Governor Waller and they who are co-operating with him would question the Democracy of any delegate or delegation which refused to abide by the decision of the majority. The movers of that meeting of gold men referred to in the dispatches, to discuss the question as to what the gold men should do, whether they should bolt and put out an independent gold ticket &c., put themselves in the same un-Democratic position that ex-Governor Waller did, and by such talk simply advertised to the world that they are not Democrats; that they are simply conditional Democrats: Democrats provided they can have their way, dictate the platform and name the candidates. They can neither justify nor defend their course by claiming that they are standing by party principle and tradition, and that the majority is swinging away from both, for this is not true. If the Democratic party was ever committed to any one thing more than another it has been to the use of both gold and silver as standard moneys of the country, and no representative Democrat up to this time was ever heard to declare for gold as the sole standard of value and only money of final redemption. Wherever the party has spoken on that question, it has unequivocally pronounced for the double standard. All the friends of silver now demand is that the party be consistent with its record, be true to its declarations and put silver back to the position it occupied before the Republican lawmakers degraded it. There is no departure from Democratic landmarks in this. It is a principle of the party by which the true Democracy has always stood and stands to-day.

BOOK NOTICES.

The *Sanitarian* for July leads off with a lengthy article on the introduction of public baths in the United States, followed by several papers in which the reader of sanitary and medical topics will be interested. Address A. N. Bell, M. D., Editor, 337 Clinton street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

We are in receipt of a copy of *The Bookman*, a literary journal published monthly by Dodd, Mead & Co., 5th avenue and 21st street, New York. Judging from this copy it is a very interesting publication, the character of matter presented being varied and entertaining.

McClure's Magazine for July is a superb number, filled with most interesting reading matter and very handsomely illustrated. Among the papers is an interesting one on Longfellow, Whittier and Holmes, illustrated. Published by S. S. McClure, 141 to 155 East 25th street, New York.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— It will gratify the pride of every American citizen to know that the fleet of fighting ships, soon to go through a series of evolutions on the Atlantic coast, is with a single exception, the strongest fleet in the world. In the event of foreign complications, with Spain for instance, assurances of having such powerful engines of war for our national protection would make us feel comparatively comfortable. — *Petersburg Index-Appeal, Dem.*

—— Major McKinley is beginning to realize that in attempting to drag the tariff question to the front he is tugging at a dead horse and some of the leaders of his party have already hinted that he had better drop it at once. Senator Quay is the first one to speak out plainly, he says "The currency will be the issue exclusively. The tariff will be a nonentity and it is a mistake in McKinley to be the last man to see this."—*New Orleans States.*

——The trouble with Mr. Belmont is that he is too much in sympathy with the banks and not enough in sympathy with the people. He would have the Democracy at Chicago recommend that the greenback once paid in gold shall never be re-issued, and "devise a plan for safe and sound bank notes." That is to say, he would have the nation loaded with a perpetual interest-bearing debt of $500,000,000, in order that the banks may step in and earn interest on $500,000,000 of their own notes issued at the bare cost of paper and printing.—*N. Y. Sun, (gold) Democrat.*

TWINKLINGS.

— Mrs. Snobs—How many girls do the Newlies keep?

Mrs. Nobbs—Only one.

Mrs. Snobbs—Only one? Good gracious, and I came pretty near calling there yesterday.—*Cleveland Leader.*

— Molly—There is one thing about these bloomers of mine that I think commendable; they won't bag at the knee."

Myra—No; I notice they seem to be above it.—*Yonkers Statesman.*

— Never write leadpencil comments in a borrowed book. The owner may rub them out. Use ink.—*Life.*

—"I wish I knew how to act when I meet a baby. I always feel like a fool."

"All you have to do is to act the way you feel.—*Life.*

— "I see they are talking of abolishing all church bells."

"Too bad! In many localities there isn't much left of Sunday but the bells."—*Chicago Record.*

— "Is Mrs. Dodgerly in deep mourning?"

"Yes, indeed; she wouldn't have a shortcake in the house until blackberries came along."—*Chicago Record.*

— "Say, de Missus is learnin' to ride de bicycle."

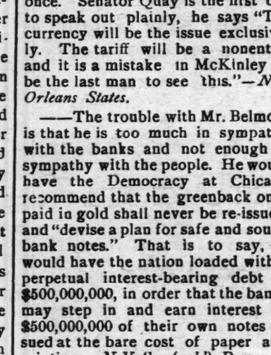
"Yes, I done see her McKinleyin' down de street dis mawnin'."

"McKinleyin'—what's dat?"

"Why, wabblin' and tryin' to ride on bofe sides de road at once."—*Puck.*

From LaGrippe.

How Dr. Miles' Nervine Restored One of Kentucky's Business Men to Health.



NO DISEASE has ever presented so many peculiarities as LaGrippe. No disease leaves its victims so debilitated, useless, sleepless, nerveless, as LaGrippe.

Mr. D. W. Hilton, state agent of the Mutual Life Insurance Co., of Kentucky, says: "In 1889 and '90 I had two severe attacks of LaGrippe, the last one attacking my nervous system with such severity that my life was despaired of. I had not slept for more than two months except by the use of narcotics that stupefied me, but gave me no rest. I was only conscious of intense mental weakness, agonizing bodily pain and the fact that I was hourly growing weaker.

When in this condition, I commenced using Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. In two days I began to improve and in one month's time I was cured, much to the surprise of all who knew of my condition. I have been in excellent health since and have recommended your remedies to many of my friends."

Louisville, Jan. 22, 1895. D. W. HILTON.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles' PAIN PILLS. CURE All Pain. "One cent a dose."

No morphine or opium in DR. MILES' PAIN PILLS. CURE All Pain. "One cent a dose."

For sale by all Druggists. Change.

June 15 1y su tu th

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: Judging from the number of tobacco fines manufactured and sent out from this city there has been a great quantity of tobacco raised in this section this year.

— Lumberton *Robesonian*: Died at his residence in this town Sunday, July 5th, 1896, Mr. Gilbert P. Higley, in the 74th year of his age. The death of Mr. Gilbert P. Higley removes one of the old landmarks of our town. A native of Connecticut, he came to this county forty-five or fifty years ago, and since that time he has been closely indentified with our town and county.

— Statesville *Landmark*: The farmers (excepting those who would grumble if they were in heaven) are in fine humor over the crop prospect. From all sections of the county come reports of fine seasons and magnificent growing crops. We have had no blighting droughts, no devastating winds or floods. The Lord of the harvest is smiling on us this year and we should be duly thankful.

— Greensboro *Record*: John Howerton, living near Weatherly's mill, committed suicide Saturday. He has been despondent for some time. Saturday afternoon he said he would go out and kill a squirrel. Taking his gun he went off. Not returning search was made for him all night, but not until Sunday morning was he found. He was not over 250 yards from his house, lying on his back, his gun clasped in his arms and a bullet hole in his head. He had, it is thought, fired the gun, by pulling the trigger with his toe.

— Washington *Progress*: B. B. Latham, of Blount's Creek, says the Democrats are standing flatfooted with their hats on the back of their heads like Tom Hannaford, that the free silver wave will sweep his section, regardless of party, like a tidal wave, that the country people want free silve and the party that will give it to them will get their votes. —— A terrible accident occurred on the farm of Dr. D. T. Taylor Tuesday afternoon. The nine or ten-year old daughter of Jack Latham, colored, attempted to light the fire in the stove by pouring kerosene oil on it, when the can exploded and she was burned so badly that she died in a few hours.

APPOINTMENTS AND WILMINGTON DISTRICT.

W. S. Rone, Presiding Elder.

Scotts Hill circuit, Herring's Chapel, July 11, 12.
Wilmington, Market Street, night, July 13.
Southport Station, July 19, 20.
Columbus circuit, Wootens, July 25, 26
Brunswick circuit, Zion, August 1, 2.
Wilmington, Bladen Street, night, August 2.
Carver's Creek circuit, Hebron, August 8.
Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Whiteville, August 9, 10.
Waccamaw circuit, Lebanon, August 10.
Elizabeth circuit, Purdie's, August 15, 16.
Magnolia circuit, Trinity, August 22, 23.
Bladen circuit, Bethel, August 29, 30.
Clinton circuit, Kendall's, September 5, 6.
Mission, Haw Branch, September 12, 13.
Onslow circuit, Swansboro, September 19, 20.

APPOINTMENTS

For Visitation by the Bishop of East Carolina.

July 12—Sunday, 6th after Trinity, M. P., Beaufort, Carteret Co., S. Paul's.
July 19—Sunday, 6th after Trinity, E. P, Beaufort, Carteret Co., S. Clements.
M. P., Morning Prayer. E. P.—Evening Prayer Com.—Communion. At all Morning Services the Holy Communion. The Vestries will please be ready to meet the Bishop. The children will please be prepared to be Catechized. Offerings for Diocesan Missions unless otherwise announced.

Great sales prove the great merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and great merit enables it to accomplish wonderful cures.

Two Deserving Women.

Two women deserving of kindly obituary memoranda have died here last month—one of them the daughter of the late Thurlow Weed, politician and journalist, strong in statecraft and in influence; the other the widow of Hugh Hastings, also journalist and politician and long associated with Mr. Weed. The former died at her home in this city, and the other at her residence at Monmouth Beach. Both of them were women of marked character and most meritorious life, magnanimous in spirit, and devoted to good works. Everybody who knew Mr. Weed in the years of his activity was aware of the helpfulness of his three daughters, Emily and Harriet and Maria, the latter of whom, she who has just died, became Mrs. Maria Weed Alden. The two others have been dead for some time. They were his companions as long as he lived and the two who survived him doted upon his memory after his death. In like manner Mrs. Hastings was her husband's guardian angel through all the vicissitudes of his career, and, during the long period of her widowhood, she had him always in mind.

Through the later years of the life of both of these interesting women they gave up a great part of their time to the labors of philanthropy, serving those who needed service, and helping from their ample means those who required help. The kindly nature, disposition and duties of both of them were known to thousands of living people, who will give them a niche in the chambers of memory worthy of their name.—New York Sun.

Pronunciation of Deaf.

J. W. asks this question: "Is the pronunciation of d-e-a-f as 'def' due to any other cause than Anglomania? Forty years ago, and even less, the common pronunciation in this country was 'deef.' Webster's Dictionary of 1855 confirms this statement, and mentions that 'def' is common in England. The same dictionary refers to the rhymes of Chaucer and Watts to show that the early pronunciation was 'deef' in England also."

The new English dictionary, edited by J. A. H. Murray, thus treats of the pronunciation of deaf ("def"): "The original diphthong remains in northern dialects. In standard English the vowel was long until the modern period, and so late as 1717-8, it was rhymed with 'relief,' by Prior and Watts. The pronunciation ('dif,' with 'i' long,) is still widely diffused dialectically, and in the United States. In many English dialects the ea is still diphthongal, 'deeaf.' "—Boston Journal.

Half a pint of buttermilk, drunk three or four times a day, is an excellent blood purifier.

A NARROW ESCAPE.

Experience of an English Cavalryman With Indian Treachery.

I was not a religious man, but never bishop or parson prayed with greater fervor. From 1848 till now is a long time, but I still wake in the night, though not so often as I once did, after fighting that battle over again. It was in 1848, and I belonged to the Nineteenth Hussars, the one white cavalry regiment operating in the second Sikh war. That war lasted only 60 days, but it had more fighting compressed into it than many a three years' campaign. While the suffering was greater in the Crimea, the fighting never was harder. A cavalryman away from his horse is like a fish out of water, and they had not mounted infantry in those days, so it was with a bad grace that we, whose horses had been lost at Chillian-Wallah and Sobraon, found ourselves attached to the Twenty-fourth infantry and guarding supplies while the regiment pushed on.

There were two companies of the Twenty-fourth and about a troop of our men, some of us wounded, but able to do work which did not necessitate marching. The camp was in a deserted temple, which allowed some protection from attack, and also contained a large tank. This water would have startled people at home, but we were glad to have it, such as it was. I was not a nervous man; I had been in the first line at Sadoolapoor, but when I found myself doing picket duty in the early morning on the outer edge of the temple boundaries I devoutly wished myself safe beyond the sea, under the shadow of St. Paul's. The moon was shining brightly, but I stood in the shadow of one of the two tall pillars peculiar to those temples. It was clear as day elsewhere, but still as the grave, and I would have welcomed the howls of the jackal, but they were all away following the army.

No obstruction prevented my seeing in all directions, but it was this very thing which chilled my heart. An open foe could be met, but, though for two nights the sentries at this post had never returned alive, nothing of a struggle had been heard. The body of one of them had been found lying in the temple tank only that morning. Oh, for my good horse, which I had seen hamstrung by a keen Baluchi blade! I had now been on duty an hour, and nothing had happened. The early morning hours, the hardest of all, were here, and my mind had unconsciously gone on with the regiment and in spirit I was near the gates of Lahore, when I thought I heard a muffled sound. I closely scanned the ground around, but I could see nothing, and, though I listened, while the perspiration came off in big beads, though it was a cool night for India, the sound was not repeated.

I had begun to think that I was mistaken and that my nervousness had alarmed me and was laughing at my fears, when once more I heard distinctly the sound as of a camel's soft foot, almost noiseless. Wheeling around the next moment, I saw for an instant a figure stealing toward me in the shadow of the temple tower and hardly to be discerned from it. It was between me and my friends, but what was it? Much larger than a man it seemed. Should I fire and give the alarm, or should I wait? In those days we had only muzzle loaders, and to fire without the shot telling meant to have nothing but the bayonet to depend on. I raised my musket and fired. No motion, and I reloaded while the guard hurried down from camp, and all was bustle and preparation.

Going cautiously forward we found what appeared in the dim light to be a black bear, but pulling it into the moonlight a large crooked blade shone out from one of its paws. The next day we found a hole in the ground, which in the day was covered by a stone slab, leading down to a canal which connected with the tank in the temple, and in this canal were the bodies of three of our sentries, with their throats cut. The mystery of the floating body was solved.—Chicago Times-Herald.

A College Student as Blacksmith.

At Cornell all the mechanical engineering students have to learn seven trades. One of these trades, that of blacksmith, is very distasteful to some of the students, but it has to be learned all the same. One young fellow, who was unusually averse to soiling his hands, begged hard to be exempted from wearing the leather apron, but the professor took special care that there was nothing lacking in thoroughness of his training at the forge.

Last fall the student went to the professor and thanked him for being compelled to learn blacksmithing. "You see," he said, "I am now superintendent of a mine away back in Colorado. Last summer our main shaft broke and there was no one in the mine but myself who could weld it. I didn't like the job, but took off my coat and welded that shaft. It wasn't a pretty job, but she's running now.

"If I couldn't have done it, I'd have had to pack that shaft on mule back and send it 300 miles over the mountains to be fixed, and the mine would have had to shut down till it got back. My ability to mend that shaft raised me in the eyes of every man in the mine, and the boss raised my salary."—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Napoleon's Way With Bribe Takers.

Napoleon was furious at times with the venality of his associates. Talleyrand once admitted that he had taken 60,000,000 francs from various German princes. Massena, Augereau, Brune and Junot were not so colossal in their greed, but they were equally ill disposed, and very successful in lining their coffers. With Talleyrand Napoleon never joked, but when he wished to give the others warning he drew a bill for some enormous sum on one or other of them and deposited it with a banker. There is no evidence that such a draft was ever dishonored. On one occasion Massena disgorged 2,000,000 francs in this way.—Professor Sloane's "Life of Napoleon" in Century.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

Electric Bitters.

Electric Bitters is a medicine for any season, but perhaps more generally needed, when the languid, exhausted feeling prevails, when the liver is torpid and sluggish and the need of a tonic and alterative is felt. A prompt use of this medicine has often averted long and perhaps fatal bilious fevers. No medicine will act more surely in counteracting and freeing the system from the malarial poison. Headache, Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness yield to Electric Bitters. 50c. and $1.00 per bottle at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

Constipation

Causes fully half the sickness in the world. It retains the digested food too long in the bowels and produces biliousness, torpid liver, indigestion, bad taste, coated tongue, sick headache, insomnia, etc. Hood's Pills cure constipation and all its results, easily and thoroughly. 25c. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

Made from the Purest, Ripest and Sweetest leaf grown in the Golden Belt of North Carolina. Cigarette Book goes with each 2-oz. pouch.

ALL FOR 10 CENTS.

A Pleasant, Cool and Delightful Smoke.

LYON & CO. TOBACCO WORKS, DURHAM, N. C.

Financial Freedom.

The financial freedom of married women is something that even conservatives and man suffragists can rejoice over. A husband who had already received damages from a railroad for the loss of the "company, service and care of his wife" through a railroad accident now sees her sustained in her own idea that she being a money earner shall be considered as an individual, on her own account. Her action for injuries sustained by herself brings forth the court's opinion that a husband "can appropriate neither the earnings nor the time" of his wife.—Boston Transcript.

Pillowshams.

Pillowshams are in evidence again on the inexorable rise and fall and rise again principle of fashion. The fall will follow in its turn, but in the meantime housekeepers are providing themselves with these day pillow covers, made of the sheerest linen lawn, hand painted in delicate designs. These are naturally for use only on state occasions. For more durable wear they are shown in fine linen, with renaissance lace insertions and frills.

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev J Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich, we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no hesitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist church at Rives Junction she was brought down with Pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery, it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at R R BELLAMY'S drug store. Regular size 50c and $1.00. †

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
1 ℔ Jute		@	5¼
2 ℔ ditto		@	6½
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔	6	@	7
Shoulders ℔ ℔	5	@	6¼
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔		@	4½
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	4¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX, ℔ ℔	23	@	24
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	11 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15	@	
Northern	23	@	
CORN MEAL—			
Per Bushel, in sacks	40	@	42½
Virginia Meal	40	@	42½
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	1 40
CANDLES—℔ ℔			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE ℔ ℔—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy, Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	20	@	23
Rio	14	@	18½
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¾
Yarns ℔ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	10	@	11
FISH—			
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ barrel	22 00	@	31 00
Mackerel, No 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No 2, ℔ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 00	@	3 25
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	5 75	@	6 00
N C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
Extra	3 31	@	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—			
Low grade	3 25	@	3 50
Choice	3 25	@	3 50
Straight	4 10	@	4 25
First Patent		@	4 50
GLUE—℔ ℔	7½	@	10
GRAIN—℔ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bag—White,	42½	@	45
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White,		@	42½
Corn, cargo, in bags—White,		@	42½
Oats, from store	32½	@	35
Oats, Rust Proof	40	@	40
Cow Peas	40	@	45
HIDES, ℔ ℔—			
Green		@	6
Dry		@	8
HAY, ℔ 100 lbs—			
Eastern		@	1 05
Western		@	90
North River		@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	2	@	2¼
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	8½	@	9
North Carolina	6	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel		@	1 35
LUMBER (city sawed), ℔ M feet—			
Ship Stuff resawed	18 00	@	2000
Resaw Edge Plank	15 00	@	18 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	18 00
Dressed flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	22
" " in bbls		@	23
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@	29
" in bbls		@	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12	@	14
" in bbls		@	15
Syrup in bbls	13	@	26
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut 60d basis	2 35	@	2 45
PORK, ℔ barrel—			
City Mess	9 00	@	9 50
Rump	8 50	@	9 00
Prime	8 50	@	9 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10	@	22
SALT, ℔ sack Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	
American		@	65
In 125 ℔ Sacks	40	@	45
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00	@	8 50
Common	1 60	@	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50	@	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Granulated	5½	@	5¾
Standard A		@	5¼
White Extra C		@	5
Extra C, Golden	4	@	4¾
C Yellow		@	4¼
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3½	@	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	8 00	@	14 00
R. O. Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping		@	9 00
Mill, Prime		@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	6 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary		@	3 00
TALLOW, ℔ ℔	5	@	
WHISKEY ℔ gallon—Northern	1 10	@	2 00
North Carolina	1 10	@	2 00
WOOL, ℔ ℔—Washed	13	@	14
Unwashed	9	@	10

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, July 8.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market steady at 23½ cents per gallon for machine-made casks, and 22 cents for country casks.

ROSIN—Market firm at $1 32½ per bbl for Strained and $1 37½ for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 15 per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Steady. Hard 1 30, Yellow Dip 1.70, Virgin 1 80 per barrel.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 26@25½c; rosin, strained, $1.17½; good strained $1 22½; tar $1 25; crude turpentine $1 20, 1 70, 2 20.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	65
Rosin	193
Tar	56
Crude Turpentine	62

Receipts same day last year—45 casks spirits turpentine, 123 bbls rosin, 9 bbls tar, 2 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market nominal on a basis of 7½c for middling.

Same day last year, middling 6¾c.

Receipts—00 bales; same day last year 00.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 45@50c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 55c; Fancy, 60@65c. Virginia—Extra Prime, 60@65c; Fancy, 65@70c.

CORN—Firm; 38 to 40 cents per bushel.

N. C. BACON—Steady; Hams, 8 to 9c per pound; Shoulders, 6 to 7c; Sides, 7 to 7½c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to 2 25; six inch, $2 50 to 3 50; seven inch $5.50 to 6 50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $3.00 to 7.50 per M.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, July 8—Evening.—Money on call was easy at 1½ per cent; last loan at 2, closing offered at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4½@5½ per cent. Sterling exchange quiet; actual business in bankers' bills at 487@487¼ for sixty days and 487¾@488 for demand. Commercial bills were 486@486½. Government bonds were quiet; United States coupon fours 108¾; United States twos 95. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 100; North Carolina sixes 120. Railroad bonds were firm.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to day was higher.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, July 8—Evening.—Cotton steady; middling gulf 7 11-16c; middling uplands 7 7-16c.

Cotton futures—market closed dull; July 7 17, August 7 17@7 18, September and October 6 62@6 63, November 6 58@6 59 December 6 61@6 62, January 6 64@6 65, February 6 68@6 69, March 6 72@6 73. Sales 73 400 bales.

Cotton—net receipts — bales; gross — bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; to France — bales; to the Continent — bales; forwarded — bales; sales — bales; sales to spinners 57 bales; stock (actual) 105,781 bales.

Total to day—Net receipts 1,184 bales; exports to Great Britain 433 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent — bales; stock 329,100 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 3,699 bales; exports to Great Britain 5 687 bales; to France 100 bales; to the Continent 2,735 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 5,143 980 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,190,049 bales; exports to France 463 610 bales; exports to the Continent 1,741,941 bales.

Flour was dull, weak and unchanged; Southern was easy and unchanged; common to fair extra $3 10@3 70; good to choice $3 70@3 00. Wheat—spot dull and firmer with options; options dull and firm at ¼@⅝c higher, with the West, better cables and local coverings; speculators watching the reports from the Chicago convention; No. 2 red July 61¾c; August 63¼c; September 63¾c; October 63¾c; December 64¾c. Corn—spot dull and firm; No. 2 33¾@33c at elevator and 33¾@34c afloat; options were dull and firm at ½@¾c advance; July 33c; August 33¼c; September 33¾c; October 34c; May —c. Oats—spot quiet and firm; options dull and firmer; July 20¾c; August 19¾c; September 20c; spot—No. 2 20½c; No. 2 white 21¾c; mixed Western 21@22c. Hay—choice firm; shipping 63¾@67½; good to choice 87½@91 00c. Wool firm, moderately active and unchanged. Beef was quiet and steady; family $8 50@9 00; extra mess $6 00@7 00; beef hams inactive at $14 50@15 00; tierced beef dull but steady; city extra India mess $11 00@13 00. Cut meats steady, with a moderate demand; pickled bellies 4¼@4¾c; do. shoulders 4¼@4½c; do hams 9¼@10c. Lard dull and lower; Western steam $4 50, city $3 40@3 50; September $4 05; refined lard dull; Continent $4 25; South America $4 65; compound $4 00@4 25. Pork dull and weak; old mess $7 50@8 25; new mess $8 50@8 75. Butter quiet; fancy steady; State dairy 10@14½c; do. do. creamery 11¾@15c; Western dairy 9@12c; do creamery —c; Elgins 15c. Eggs—choice steady; State and Pennsylvania 13c; Western fresh 11@13c; do. per case $1 50@3 00. Cotton seed oil quiet and weak; crude 20@21c; do yellow prime 24¾; do. off grade 24c. Rice quiet steady and unchanged. Molasses steady, quiet and unchanged. Peanuts quiet; fancy hand-picked 4¾c. Coffee quiet and 5 to 15 points down; July

Castoria

for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS

Do You Know that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, Hasty-ro-called Soothing Syrups and most remedies for Children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying, narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling their poison?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher? That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well These Things are worth knowing. They are facts.

Children Cry

FOR PITCHER'S

Castoria

CASTORIA DESTROYS WORMS, ALLAYS FEVERISHNESS, CURES DIARRHŒA AND WIND COLIC, RELIEVES TEETHING TROUBLES AND CURES CONSTIPATION AND FLATULENCY.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray St., N. Y.

ONE-HALF SIZE OF BOX.

POZZONI'S

COMPLEXION POWDER

has been the standard for forty years and is more popular to-day than ever before.

POZZONI'S

is the ideal complexion powder—beautifying, refreshing, cleanly, healthful and harmless. A delicate, invisible protection to the face.

With every box of POZZONI'S a magnificent Scovill's GOLD PUFF BOX is given free of charge.

AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.

feb 4 1y

"THE TRIUMPH OF LOVE

IS HAPPY, FRUITFUL MARRIAGE."

Every Man Who Would Know the Grand Truths, the Plain Facts, the New Discoveries of Medical Science as Applied to Married Life, Who Would Atone for Past Errors and Avoid Future Pitfalls, Should Secure the Wonderful Little Book Called "Complete Manhood, and How to Attain It."

"Here at last is information from a high medical source that must work wonders with this generation of men."

The book fully describes a method by which to attain full vigor and manly power.

A method by which to end all unnatural drains on the system.

To cure nervousness, lack of self-control, despondency, &c.

To exchange a jaded and worn nature for one of brightness, buoyancy and power.

To cure forever effects of excesses, overwork, worry, &c.

To give full strength, development and tone to every portion and organ of the body.

Age no barrier. Failure impossible. Two thousand references.

The book is purely medical and scientific, useless to curiosity seekers, invaluable to men only who need it.

A despairing man, who had applied to us, soon after wrote:

"Well, I tell you that first day is one I'll never forget. I just bubbled with joy. I wanted to hug everybody and tell them my old self had died yesterday, and my new self was born to-day. Why didn't you tell me when I first wrote that I would find it this way?"

And another thus:

"If you dumped a cart load of gold at my feet it would not bring such gladness into my life as your method has done."

Write to the ERIE MEDICAL COMPANY, Buffalo, N. Y., and ask for the little book called "COMPLETE MANHOOD." Refer to this paper, and the company promises to send the book, in sealed envelope, without any marks, and entirely free, until it is well introduced.

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Frank H Stedman. Jas. S. Worth

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company

Telephone 162. jan 25 tf

The Morning Star.

THE PIRATE'S DREAM.

"Quien va?" cries the captain, with face aghast,
As the palms sing low in the autumn blast
The song of the dead and crime stained past.
The Captain Nunes, haggard and wild,
Starts from his seat like a frightened child.
"'Tis the ghost of the padre of Santa Fe
You robbed and killed on the fifth of May!"
"Whose face is that in the wine bowl red
That nods and beckons and shakes his head!"
"'Tis the merchant Gomez of Albuquerque,
Whose heart was the sheath of the captain's dirk."
"What gleams so white in the canyon deep,
Where the stream flows black and the walls are steep?"
"'Tis Sergeant Blas of the guardia civil,
Who was shot in the back at Baraquil."
"And who are you?" cries the captain, pale,
And the answer comes through the moaning gale,
"I come to claim my load of sin."
And Diablo gathered the captain in.
—Vanity.

ACTRESSES OFF THE STAGE.

Comments of One of Their Sex Upon Their Dress and Behavior.

"Dressed like an actress" is the slur we often hear cast by a woman on a badly dressed member of her own sex. Men and women alike are too apt to form their opinions of every one and everything by the more conspicuous instead of by the better side. If we stop to look at the women on our New York stage today, we shall be forced to realize that, as is the case in every other sphere of life, there are women who dress well and others who dress badly.

"The Broadway freak" is the standard from which outsiders often judge women of the stage. This type of "actress" seems to court notoriety by her ridiculously exaggerated dress, bleached hair and rouged face. Outsiders are so ignorant of stage people that they are often surprised to see their favorites appear in a quiet costume on the street. Again, actresses are not callous, though sometimes young people seem to think so, judging by the loud way they make their comments at seeing a public person on the street. One day, Miss George Cayvan, dressed in her usual quiet way, was sitting in a corner of a street car, while some young girls were excitedly arguing as to whether or not it was Miss Cayvan. Naturally annoyed, Miss Cayvan bit her lip, and one of them exclaimed, "That is Miss Cayvan; that is just the way she bites her lip." Miss Cayvan is only one of our many actresses who dress as a lady should on the street.

Miss Maud Adams appears on the stage in showy costumes, while on the street, unless very familiar with her face, one would think her a pretty schoolgirl, who had been carefully taught refinement of manner and dress. Miss Viola Allen, in her neat street gowns, passes by one so quietly that it is not easy to recognize the clever leading lady at the Empire. Miss Bessie Tyree always dresses in refined taste. Her gowns fit her to perfection, and are thoroughly correct.

Mrs. Kendal is about the best dressed English actress we know here. The "city of fogs" has yet more to learn from her gay sister over the channel. One might wish that Miss Isabel Irving would be a little more smart in her dress, and that Miss Katherine Florence would put up that pretty hair. Miss Elsie de Wolfe, when dressed for a reception, almost surpasses her own handsome stage costumes. Miss [illegible] looks rather well off the stage, even if her chin is a little high in the air. Miss Maxine Elliott and her pretty gowns make a puzzle as to which is the prettier, the actress or the dress. Who has seen Miss Julia Marlowe, Mrs. Whiffen, Mrs. Walcot or Miss Gladys Wallis without learning a lesson in taste from her appearance?—New York Times.

A Man With a Visible Heart.

One of the most remarkable of all human phenomena of which we find records in the history of physical science was a young man whose heart and lungs were not only visible, but could be handled by a second person.

This young man was the son of the family of Montgomery and lived in the reign of Charles I. While traveling abroad he met with a very serious accident, falling upon some instrument which pierced his side and left a large open wound. Even when the wound had healed the cavity remained.

The great Harvey, who discovered this remarkable youth, relates in one of his journals the strange story.

"When I paid my respects to this noble youth and conveyed to him the king's request that I should be allowed to examine him," wrote Harvey, "he made no concealment, but exposed the left side of his breast, when I saw a cavity into which I could introduce my finger and thumb. Astonished with the novelty, again and again I explored the wound, and first, marveling at the extraordinary nature of the cure, set about the examination of the heart. Taking it in the fingers of one hand, and placing the fingers of the other upon the pulse of the wrist, I satisfied myself that it was indeed the heart which I grasped. I then brought him before the king that he might behold and touch so extraordinary a thing, and that he might perceive, as I did, that unless we touched the outer skin, or when he saw our fingers in the cavity, this young nobleman knew not that we had touched his heart."

It was in this way that Harvey proved his theory of the insensibility of the heart to be correct.—Pearson's Weekly.

Short History of the Ballet.

Like all dancing, the root of the ballet is to be found in prehistoric times, but Italy was the home where its growth became coincident with the development of the opera. With the Medici it was imported into France, and flourished as a court entertainment under Catherine de' Medici. As the ballet increased in popularity it was gradually associated with the libretto of a great poet and the music of a great musician, and it used to be put on the stage by some noble patron of the arts. Princes of the royal blood frequently took part in the performance—Louis XIII, to wit, and Henri IV, who had a special dancing room built in the arsenal. Even Le Roi Soleil did not dream it beneath his dignity to impersonate various characters in the ballet until he was prevented by his growing corpulence.

Gaetan Vestris, who styled himself in Provencal dialect "le dieu de la danse," brought the ballet to its perfection, and when age disabled him his son Auguste was a worthy successor. Mlle. Camary danced with the father, while Madeleine Guimard, the protectress of David the painter, was a contemporary of the son. This century was a quarter gone before the golden age of the ballet in London. Great things, however, were done at Her Majesty's theater in early Victorian days. "Giselle" was the united work of Heine, Theophile Gautier and Adolphe Adam, and the premiere danseuse was Carlotta Grisi. She was succeeded by Fanny Elssler and Taglioni, who was immortalized by Thackeray, and was alive not many years ago.—Saturday Review.

At Portland, Or., "Man's Need of Woman's Ballot as a Moral, Political and Financial Force In Government" was the theme of discussion at a recent meeting of the state equal suffrage society.

Miss Adelaide L. Dicklow, Ph. M., for ten years a member of the faculty of Ottawa university, Kansas, has entered upon her work as principal of Moulton Ladies' college, Toronto.

STORIES ARE FAST TRAVELERS.

Max Figman's New Yarn Became Old In a Very Few Minutes.

Actors tell more stories than any other class of people. Whenever an actor hears a good story or originates one, he is consumed with a burning desire to tell it to his friends. So that when two or three actors are gathered together there is sure to be one of them telling a story. Soon every one in the profession knows it, and if it is worthy of publication it gets into the newspapers in a short time.

Lawrence M. McCarty, the stage manager, and W. H. Matthews, the business manager of the American theater, were talking about this a few nights ago.

"It is not even safe," said McCarty, "to offer a new story that you have originated yourself five minutes before you tell it. Let me give you an illustration: A few days ago I was chatting with Max Figman and several other friends when some one told the story about how the man who—referring to the prowess of George Washington—said that as an evidence of his strength, the Father of His Country once threw a silver dollar across the Potomac, and how another man, on hearing of this 100 years afterward, said:

"'Yes; it was a good throw, but you must remember that a dollar went a great deal farther in those days than it does now.'

"Figman pondered a bit, and then added:

"'That was quite clear, but the man should have said that Washington gave a greater exhibition of his prowess on another occasion, when he threw a British sovereign across the Atlantic.'

"The last witticism," continued McCarty, "was original with Figman. He knew it and was proud of it. While the laugh was going around at his repartee, I slipped away and went down to the Academy of Music, where I knew Figman was expected for rehearsal in less than half an hour.

"I told Figman's story to James E. Wilson and H. Cooper Cliffe, and suggested that when Figman came in and started to tell the story, as he undoubtedly would, they anticipate him. A few minutes later Figman came in and proceeded to lead the conversation around to George Washington. He began:

"'You know the old story about George Washington throwing the silver dollar across'—when he was suddenly interrupted.

"'Oh, Figman, for heaven's sake,' said Cliffe, 'don't give us that old mossback.'

"'Yes, but wait. Of course, I know that is a chestnut,' replied Figman, 'but, you see, I have to refer to that so as to introduce an improvement on the old story.'

"'What? You don't mean the appendix to the silver dollar story about George throwing a British sovereign across the Atlantic?'

"Figman nearly fainted. He could not understand how it was that Cliffe could know the story, which he had only half an hour ago evolved out of himself. He went over to Wilson and began telling him the story. Before he had got half through the silver dollar part Wilson interrupted him:

"'Figman, I have known you as one of the brightest and most original of story tellers, but if you are going to give me that decrepit old chestnut of the red sandstone period about George Washington throwing a British sovereign across the Atlantic, I shall certainly ask you to desist.'

"Figman has been remarkably quiet ever since," added McCarty.—New York Times.

THE POOR SLOTH.

He Has Poor Chances In the Great Battle of Life and Deserves Sympathy.

I never see a live sloth without feeling sorry for it, for truly they all deserve sympathy, and plenty of it. Had I been born a sloth I would want to sue nature, or in some way collect damages. Take Hoffman's sloth for example. It is one of the largest of them all, but it is too weak and helpless to be put into such a wicked and dangerous world as this has now become. Its countenance is a picture of innocent stupidity, and as it looks at you its dull eyes and expressionless face say to you, as plainly as words: "Pity me! I cannot fight. I cannot run away. I have no defensive armor, no spines, nor anything worth mentioning. I am too big to live in a burrow, and even if I were not I have none, nor the tools with which to make one. I am at the mercy of everything and everybody. Why is this thus? Why am I here?"

I give it up. This creature is a riddle that I cannot read. Being only a shortsighted mortal, it seems to me that the sloth should have been better equipped for the battle of life, or else left out of it altogether.

The sloth lives, moves and has his being by hanging underneath the smaller limbs of trees, and eating leaves and fruit. He is the slowest animal on record, and for speed in traveling a long journey, say, from one side of a treetop to the other, the tortoise is a lightning express in comparison. It takes a good fieldglass to enable you to see him move. His hair is coarse, wavy and precisely the color of gray moss, or rough bark, although sometimes it supports a minute vegetable organism which gives it an olive green hue. His feet are simply four hooks, by which he hangs himself very comfortably when feeding in the upper story of a forest, but in walking on the ground they are worse than useless. But the sloth has no use for the ground, and never goes near it of his own accord.—William T. Hornaday in St. Nicholas.

Proved Case.

"You'll have to be a little more particular in your choice of words," said the city editor, looking over the new reporter's copy. "Here you say 'the failure of a large consignment of vegetable ivory to arrive on time has seriously embarrassed Mr. Stoneking, proprietor of the button factory. He has 35 employees and no work for them.' What evidence have you that this circumstance has 'embarrassed' Mr. Stoneking?"

"He—er—doesn't seem to know what to do with his hands," replied the new reporter.—Chicago Tribune.

Tea rollers, who with their fingers roll the tea leaves into pellets, earn from 7 to 10 cents a day.

Florida has been called the Peninsular State on account of its geographical peculiarity.

Mrs. Sarah Frances Dick.

Mrs. Sarah Frances Dick, cashier of the first National bank in Huntington, Ind., is said to be the only woman holding that position in a national bank. Mrs. Dick was appointed assistant cashier in 1873, and in January, 1881, at the reorganization of the bank, she succeeded her father as cashier and was also chosen a director, and has held these positions since that date. Mrs. Dick is a daughter of the present president of the bank. She received a common school education, and took a course of training in a business college, taking a position in the bank shortly after graduating. She was married to Julius Dick, a prominent merchant, in 1878, but the marriage did not interfere with her work.

Mrs. Dick is quick and accurate in transactions, and an expert in handling currency and coin. She has no assistant, but with accurate deftness she keeps the bank clear of a crowd during a rush of business. She writes the notes, drafts and deposit certificates, computes the interest on collections, cashes checks and discounts, etc. Mrs. Dick enjoys her beautiful home outside of business hours, and is held in high regard socially and financially.

The Brute.

Young Wife—John, mother says she wants to be cremated.

Young Husband—Tell her if she'll get on her things I'll take her there this morning.—Spare Moments.

69 Cents

will buy a pair of

Ladies' $1.50 White Slippers, latest style.
Men's $1 50 Patent Leather Oxfords.
Ladies' $1.00 House Slippers, several styles.
Men's $1 25 Patent Seam Scrivan's Drawers.
Ladies' $1.25 Tan Sandals and Oxfords.

35c Ladies' and Children's

Windsor Ties,

ALL SILK 19c.

Men's $3 and $4

Stiff Hats

39 Cents.

Goods at above prices cannot remain long in store, so do not delay. Call and make your selection before all are gone.

Yours for Bargains,

J. H. Rehder & Co.,

Fourth Street Bridge.

'Phone 118.
Car Fare Paid on purchase of $2.00 and up.
jy 4 tf

LEA & PERRINS

Signature is printed in BLUE diagonally across the OUTSIDE wrapper

Lea & Perrins

of every bottle of (the Original and Genuine) Worcestershire

SAUCE

As a further protection against all imitations.

Agents for the United States,

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, N. Y.

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DON'T STOP TOBACCO.

HOW TO CURE YOURSELF WHILE USING IT.

The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system is so lously affected, impairing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the system, as tobacco to an inveterate user becomes a stimulant that his system continually craves. "Baco-Curo" is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit, in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of an eminent Berlin physician who has used it in his private practice since 1872, without a failure. It is purely vegetable and guaranteed perfectly harmless. You can use all the tobacco you want while taking "Baco-Curo." It will notify you when to stop. We give a written guarantee to cure permanently any case with three boxes, or refund the money with 10 per cent interest. "Baco-Curo" is not a substitute, but a scientific cure, that cures without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day you took your first chew or smoke.

Cured By Baco-Curo and Gained Thirty Pounds.

From hundreds of testimonials, the originals of which are on file and open to inspection, the following is presented:

Clayton, Nevada Co., Ark., Jan 28.

Eureka Chemical & Mfg. Co., La Crosse, Wis.—Gentlemen: For forty years I used tobacco in all its forms. For twenty-five years of that time I was a great sufferer from genera debility and heart disease For fifteen years I tried to quit, but couldn't. I took various remedies, among others "No To Bac," "The Indian Tobacco Antidote," "Double Chloride of Gold," etc., etc., but none of them did me the least bit of good. Finally, however, I purchased a box of your "Baco-Curo" and it has entirely cured me of the habit in all its forms, and I have increased thirty pounds in weight and am relieved from all the numerous aches and pains of body and mind. I could write a quire of paper upon my changed feelings and condition.

Yours respectfully, P. H. MARBURY, Pastor C. P. Church, Clayton, Ark.

Sold by all druggists at $1.00 per box; three boxes (thirty days' treatment), $2.50, with iron-clad, written guarantee, or sent direct upon receipt of price. Write for booklet and proofs. Eureka Chemical & Mfg. Co. La Crosse, Wis., and Boston, Mass.

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Save Paying Doctors' Bills

B.B.B. BOTANIC BLOOD BALM

THE GREAT REMEDY FOR ALL BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES

Has been thoroughly tested by eminent physicians and the people for 40 years, and cures quickly and permanently

SCROFULA, ULCERS, ECZEMA, RHEUMATISM, CATARRH, ERUPTIONS, and all manner of RAVING, SPREADING and RUNNING SORES. It is by far the best tonic and blood purifier ever offered to the world. Price $1 per bottle, 6 bottles for $5. For sale by druggists.

SENT FREE BOOK OF WONDERFUL CURES. BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

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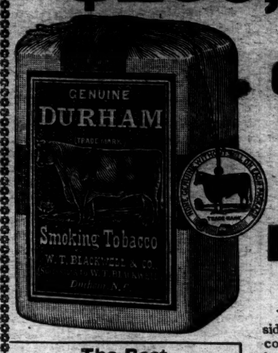

The Best Smoking Tobacco Made

To Be Given Away

this year in valuable articles to smokers of

Blackwell's Genuine Durham Tobacco

You will find one coupon inside each 2-ounce bag, and two coupons inside each 4-ounce bag. Buy a bag, read the coupon and see how to get your share.

Bowden Lithia Water

CONTAINS MORE LITHIA

Than Any Other Natural Mineral Water in the World.

The Only Known Solvent

of Stone in the Bladder and Kidneys.

From Lithia Springs, Ga. Popular Prices.

Dr. J. B. S. Holmes, ex President Georgia State Medical Association, says: "Have used Bowden Lithia Water extensively in bladder and kidney troubles, and the results have been most gratifying."

W. A. Wakely, M. D, Auburn, N. Y., says: "Have obtained quick and satisfactory results in Chronic Rheumatism and Bright's Disease."

BOWDEN LITHIA WATER is guaranteed to cure all diseases of the Kidneys and Bladder, Rheumatism Insomnia, Gout and Nervous Dyspepsia. Postal Card brings illustrated pamphlet.

Our Sparkling Table Water Has no Equal. For Sale in Any Quantity By

BOWDEN LITHIA SPRINGS CO.,

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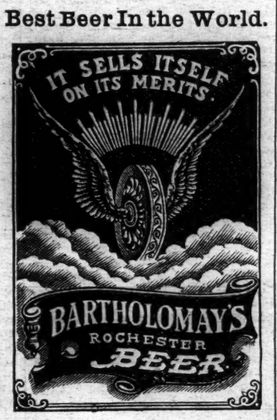
THE CELEBRATED

Bartholomay Brew. Co.,

ROCHESTER, N. Y.

Best Beer In the World.



HANDLED BY ALL SALOONS.

Outside the city solicited.

F. RICHTER, Agent

For Export and Draught.

my 13 tf

Are built in the Largest and Best Equipped Factory in the World.

Highest of High Grades.

Experienced Riders.

Waverley Bicycles

Thomas H. Wright, Agent.

Select the Waverley because they have learned to know the difference between a watch that is actually high grade and one that is only claimed to be. Sold on easy terms. Send for catalogue. Waverley is the highest grade. Scorcher (3 Heights) $85.00. Belle 26 and 28 inch $75.00 and $65.00.

MADE BY INDIANA BICYCLE CO., INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

GROVES

TASTELESS CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS. WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1893.

Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 600 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Tonic. Yours truly,

ABNEY, CARR & CO.

For sale—Wholesale and Retail, and guaranteed by R. R. Bellamy. Retail by J. H. Hardin and all other Druggists, Wilmington, N. C.

ap 30 D & w 6m

Drake's BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

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THE ONLY CARGO

NEW CROP MOLASSES

directly imported from the

West Indies,

is now discharging at our wharf.

Ex-Schr. Wm Linthicum,

Direct from Barbadoes. Superior quality. Low prices.

Samples and prices furnished by

WORTH & WORTH,

Only Importers of Molasses in North Carolina.

ap 3 tf

UP TO DATE

Livery and Sales Stable.

Southerland & Cowan,

108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.

OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY particular. Finest Horses in town. First class equipages. Polite attention. All calls and orders day and night promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE NO. 15. TELEPHONE NO 15.

Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stalling Horses. Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call 1.10.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5.00. Carriage for funeral, $2.50. Hearse for White and Colored, $4.00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.50. Horse and Surry one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.00. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $3.50. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50. Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

Open 365 days and 365 nights in a year. mar 29 tf

Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad

Time Table.

In Effect Wednesday, May 27th, 1896.

GOING EAST.		STATIONS.	GOING WEST.	
3 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday.			4 Passenger Daily Ex Sunday.	
Arrive	Leave		Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
.....	3 20	Goldsboro	11 25	.....
.....	4 13	Kinston	10 32	.....
5 15	5 25	Newbern	9 17	9 30
6 37	6 43	Morehead City...	8 07	8 17
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11 35 a. m., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 3.00 p. m., and with W. N. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3 00 p. m., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.55 p. m. No. 1 train also connects with W. N. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

S. L. DILL, Sup't

ma 27 tf

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, JUNE 1st, trains will run the following schedule:

Leave Wilmington 6 30 a. m., 10 00 a. m. and 2.30 p. m., 5 10 p. m., 7 15 p. m.

Leave Ocean View 7 30 a. m., 11 00 a. m., 4 p. m., 6.10 p. m., 10 p. m.

Freight train daily, except Sunday, for freight only. Leave Wilmington 12 30 p. m. Leave Ocean View 2 30 p. m.

Sunday Train—Leave Wilmington 10 a. m., 2.30 p. m. Leave Ocean View 12 m., 7 p. m.

R. OSCAR GRANT, Superintendent.

my 31 tf

THE SUN

The first of American Newspapers

CHARLES A. DANA, Editor.

The American Constitution, the American Idea, the American Spirit. These first, last and all the time, forever.

Daily, by Mail, - - - $6 a year
Daily & Sunday by Mail, $8 a year.

The Sunday Sun

is the the Greatest Sunday Newspaper in the World.

Price 5c. a copy. by Mail, $2 a year.

Address THE SUN,

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LE BRUN'S G&G CURE

FOR EITHER SEX. This remedy being injected directly to the seat of these diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs, requires no change of diet. Cure guaranteed in 1 to 5 days. Small plain package, by mail, $1.00. Sold only by

R. R. BELLAMY & Co., 'Druggist', Sole Agents, Wilmington, N. C.

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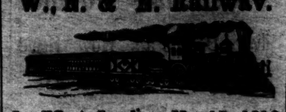
We Are Still

IN BUSINESS at No. 11 South Front street and would be pleased to have you give us a call when in need of our services. Respectfully,

H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS, Barbers and Hair Dressers.

apr 26 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, May 17, 1896

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND		STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND	
‡1	43		‡2	44
A M	P M	—WILMINGTON—	P M	P M
	2 10	Lv...Mulberry street...Ar	12 40	
† 00	2 10	Lv...Surry street...Ar	12 30	3 25
2 50		Ar...Jacksonville.....Lv		12 15
11 00	2 58	Lv..." ..Ar	10 48	10 3
11 58	4 30	Lv...Maysville.....Lv	10 09	9 16
12 10	4 44	Lv...Pollocksville.....Lv	9 55	8 10
1 35	5 3	Ar...Newbern.....Lv	9 30	8 10
	P M		A M	

Nos. 5 and 6 mixed trains.
Nos. 7 and 8 passenger trains.
Trains 8 and 9 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.
*Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
‡Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.
†Daily except Sunday.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager.

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager.

my 22 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT June 29, 1896.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.52 a m, Warsaw 11.06 a m, Goldsboro 12.01 a m, Wilson 12.52 p m, Rocky Mount 1.55 p m, Tarboro 2.40 p m, Weldon 3.32 p m, Petersburg 5.29 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m. Baltimore 12.58 a m, Philadelphia 3.46 a m, New York 6.59 a m, †Boston 8.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goldsboro 9.36 p m, Wilson 10.23 p m, †Tarboro 7.03 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 p m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.40 a m, Petersburg 3.33 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.32 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 8.30 P M — No. 85—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.39 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.53 p m, Columbia 10.15 p m, Denmark 8.30 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.53 p m, Savannah 1.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 9.10 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave *Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.03 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.09 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.03 a m, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 3.25 p m, Washington 5.46 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.30 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.58 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 7.57 a m, Magnolia 8.10 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.15 a m — No. 84—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.00 a m, Sanford 1.55 p m, Jacksonville 7.40 p m, Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.55 a m, Columbia 5 45 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 3.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 7.10 a m., Florence 8.50 a m, Marion 9.31 a m, Chadbourn 10.35 a m, Lake Waccamaw 11.16 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.13 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7 45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 30 a m, Greenville 8.32 a m Arriving Halifax at 11 00 a m, Weldon 11.30 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 a m and 2.00 p m, arrive Parmele 8.50 a m and 3 40 p m; returning leaves Parmele 9 50 a m and 6 20 p m, arrives Washington 11 25 a m and 7.10 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily at 5.30 p m, arrives Plymouth 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily at 7.49 a m., Arrive Tarboro 9.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 00 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield 7 50 a m, arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 15 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.20 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 30 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 8 30 a m and 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m. and 11 30 a m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9 05 a m, arrive Latta 9.24 a m, Dillon 9 36 a m, Rowland 9 53 a m., returning leaves Rowland 5.45 p m, arrives Dillon 6.35 p m, Latta 6.37 p m, Pee Dee 6.58 p m, daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.30 a m, Chadbourn 10.40 a m, arrive Conway 12.25 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.30 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 8 40 a m and 9 40 a m, arrive Darlington 9 20 and 9 50 a m, leave Darlington 9 40 a m, arrive Cheraw 11 00 a m. Wadesboro 1 30 p m, Returning leave Wadesboro 2 p m, Cheraw 3 40 p m, Darlington 7.40 a m and 6 10 p m, arrive Florence 8.15 a m and 6 50 p m. Daily except Sunday. Sunday trains leave Floys 7 30 a m, Darlington 8 45 a m, arrive Florence 9 10 a m. Returning leave Florence 9 a m, Darlington 8.35 a m, arrive Floys 9 05 a m. Trains leave Gibson 6 15 a m, Bennettsville 6 41 a m, arrive Darlington 7.40 a m. Sumter 9 30 a m. Returning, leave Sumter 6 30 p m Darlington 8.15 p m, arrive Bennettsville 9 05 p m, Gibson 9 35 p m.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 06 p m, Manning 6.35 p m, arrive Lane's 7 12 p m, leave Lane's 8.24 a m, Manning 9.10 a m. arrive Sumter 9.39 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7 10 p m, arrive Georgetown 10 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.30 a m, 5.30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.10 p m, 11.15 p m, arrive Selma 3.35 p m, Smithfield 5.05 p m, Dunn 5.50 p m, Fayetteville 6.35 p m. 1.07 a m, Rowland 6.06 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.52 a m, Fayetteville 11.10 a m, 9.40 p m, Dunn 11.40 a m, Smithfield 12.27 p m, Selma 12.54 p m, arrive Wilson 1.30 p m, 11 35 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Sumter 4 53 a m, Creston 5 21 a m, arrive Denmark 6 30 a m. Returning leave Denmark 4 17 p m, Creston 5 16 p m, Sumter 6 05 p m. Daily.

Pinewood Branch train leaves Creston 5 45 a m, arrive Pinewood 9 05 p m. Returning leaves Pinewood 10 p m, arrives Creston 3 50 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliott 11.10 a m and 7.15 p m, arrive Lucknow 1 p m and 8.15 p m. Returning leave Lucknow 6 05 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Elliott 8.25 a m and 3.30 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. je 28 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

New York for Wilmington

PAWNEE, Wednesday July 8
CROATAN, Saturday, July 11
ONEIDA, Saturday

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 9, 1896

NEW YORK'S DELEGATION

Decided Yesterday to Remain in the Convention for the Present at Least.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, July 8—The New York delegation held a conference this morning to consider the situation in the light of yesterday's developments and agree on a plan of action. The decision reached was to remain in the convention for the present and abide by the will of the majority, so far as to-day's proceedings were concerned at least. Tammany will support the nominee. There was almost a full attendance. What the delegation will do to-morrow or the next day, if the convention lasts that long, is another question. The candidate question was not considered.

In view of the fact that the platform had not yet been adopted, and in the absence of Senator Hill, definite action as to remaining in the convention when candidates were being voted for was deferred until this evening. It is said to be the sense of those present, however, that New York should leave the hall and take no further part in the convention after the free silver platform is adopted.

Ex-Secretary Whitney addressed the meeting and said that while he did not ask the gentlemen present to adopt his ideas, he believed the best course to pursue was to act as delegates until the platform was adopted. He advised against any theatrical exhibition and said it would be best for the interests of the gold men to remain in their seats in the convention hall, but take no part in the proceedings. The question, he said, had been carefully considered by prominent gold members of the party and they all agreed that this was the best course to adopt. He had talked with Senator Hill on this question, he said, and the Senator had expressed himself in favor of it.

THE TRUCK MARKET.

New York Prices for Southern Fruits and Vegetables.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 8.—Blackberries, Maryland and Delaware, quart, 2 to 5c; plums, quart, 2 to 3c; huckleberries, North Carolina, quart, 5 to 6c; do, Maryland and Delaware, quart, 4 to 7c; pears, Florida, barrel, 2 00 to 4 00; do, do, case, 50c to 1 00; watermelons, car lots, 90.00 to 200.00, do, hundred, 10 00 to 20.00; muskmelons, basket, 40 to 75c; do, barrel, 50c to 2 00; raspberries, pint, 2 to 3c, peaches, Georgia, carrier, 75c to 2 50; do, Maryland and Delaware, crate, 75c to 1 00; do, basket, 40 to 75c; do, South Carolina, carrier, 75c to 2 50, do, Florida, carriers, 75c to 1 25; grapes, case, 1.00 to 2 00; do, basket, 15 to 30c; do, carrier, 40 to 65c; pineapples, Florida, hundred, 6.00 to 15 00, apples, basket, 1.00 to 1.50; do, crate, 40 to 1.00; cucumbers, Norfolk, barrel, 65c to 1.00; do, Baltimore, basket, 65 to 75c; egg plant, barrel, 2 00 to 3.00; do, basket, 1.00 to 1 50; onions, North Carolina, bag, 75c; do, barrel, 1.75; do, Eastern Shore, basket, 60 to 65c; do, do, barrel, 1 00 to 1.25; squash, barrel, 50 to 60; tomatoes, carrier, 25c to 1 25; potatoes, 75c to 1.00; do, sweets, 2 00 to 2 50.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

September Wheat Closed Higher—Corn Unchanged — Oats Higher—Pork Products Lower.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO July 8—September wheat opened from 56⅜c to 56⅜@56½c, advanced to 57@57½c, closing at 56⅞@57c—½c higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was firm and ½c higher.

September corn opened at 27½c; sold 26⅞c and 27⅛@27½c, closing 27½c, unchanged from yesterday. Cash corn was steady.

September oats closed ⅛@¼c higher than yesterday. Cash oats were firm and ¼c higher.

Provisions manifested more firmness early under the influence of a good hog market, but moderately fair offerings depressed prices later. September pork and lard each closed 10c lower, September ribs 7½@10c lower.

WARM WIRELETS.

Gold to the amount of $322,900 was withdrawn yesterday, leaving the reserve in the U. S. Treasury at the close of business $100,323,950.

Gen. Bradley T. Johnson telegraphs from Havana: "I have no intention of fighting a duel with any one to morrow, or at any other time. The whole story is preposterous."

DO NOT EXPERIMENT in so important a matter as your health. Purify, enrich and vitalize your blood with Hood's Sarsaparilla and thus keep yourself strong and healthy.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best after-dinner pill; assist digestion, cure headache. 25 cents. †

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 8.—Spirits turpentine quiet and steady at 25@25½c. Rosin easier and dull; strained common to good $1 65@1 67½.

CHARLESTON, July 8.—Spirits turpentine firm at 28c; sales — barrels. Rosin firm; sales — barrels; A, B, C, D, E $1 35, F $1 40, G $1 45, H $1 50, I $1 55, K $1 60, M $1 70, N $1 80, W G $1 90, W W $2 00.

SAVANNAH, July 8.—Spirits turpentine quiet at 23½c; sales 1,200 casks; receipts 1 249 casks. Rosin firm: sales 6,000 barrels receipts 3 017 barrels; Quotations: A, B, C, D, E F, G $1 50, H $1 55, I $1 60, K $1 65, M $1 70, N $1 75, window glass $1 85; water white $2 00.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., New York.

THE SECOND VICTORY

Silver Democrats Now Have Over Two-Thirds Majority.

Vote On Report of Credentials Committee to Unseat Four Gold Delegates From Michigan.

AYES	558
NOES	368

WILL NOMINATE TO-DAY

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION AT CHICAGO.

Permanent Organization Perfected After a Long Discussion of the Report of the Committee on Credentials—Senator White, of California, Elected Permanent Chairman—Recess Taken Until This Morning—The Platform as Prepared by the Committee on Resolutions.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, July 8.—At 10.45 a. m. none of the New York delegates had made their appearance and it was understood that the reason for this delay on their part was that they were then in caucus on the momentous question whether or not they should attend any more sessions of the convention.

At a few minutes before 11 o'clock the temporary chairman called the convention to order and announced that its proceedings would be opened with prayer by the Rev. Thomas Edward Green, rector of Grace Church (Episcopal), Grand Rapids, Iowa. At this time the seats of the New York delegates were still unoccupied

The prayer called for a special "blessing on this convention, gathered from all over our fair land," and asked that the minds of the delegates should be "dominated for good, for humanity and for God," and what they did might "tell in the years to come for the advancement and lifting up of our human kin."

The temporary chairman announced that the first business in order was the report of committees, as no business could be done, except by unanimous consent, until the committees reported.

CREDENTIALS COMMITTEE CALLED.

He called the first committee in order—the Committee on Credentials—but there was no response, and after an interval of about ten minutes it was announced that the Committee on Credentials were about to re-assemble after their long night's session.

At 11.12 ex Senator Martin, of Kansas, was recognized and moved an informal recess of five minutes to permit Gov. Hogg, of Texas, to address the convention. The motion was adopted, but a stray band in the gallery beyond the reach of the chairman's bell, not hearing the signals, kept playing "Dixie" for nearly ten minutes before it could be stopped and the Governor given a chance.

Gov. Hogg's "five minutes" were stretched into half an hour, but still there were no tidings from the Committee on Credentials, and amid vociferous cries for Hill, who was not present, the chair recognized Senator-elect Money, of Mississippi, who moved that Senator Blackburn, of Kentucky, be invited to the stand. Mr. Blackburn, the first pronounced candidate to be heard, was received with tumultuous applause. As Senator Blackburn sat down more cries were raised for Hill without response.

A motion to adjourn for half an hour was voted down, and the band was started up to drown the confusion which prevailed.

Mr. Henry, of Mississippi, moved that the Hon. Mr. Bryan, of Nebraska, be invited to the stand. This was received with every demonstration of approval, but the chair announced that Mr. Bryan was not in the hall.

Gov. Altgeld, of Illinois, was then called for, and rising in the body of the hall, indicated a desire to give way to Senator Hill. The chair stated that Governor Hill was engaged with the Committee on Resolutions and was not in the hall.

Gov. David Overmeyer, of Kansas, took the stand and declared that yesterday the seat of empire was transferred from the Atlantic States to the Mississippi valley. The day of the common people had dawned and the "dollar of our daddies" would be restored. This sentiment was received with unbounded enthusiasm.

The band once more filled up the interlude to kill time.

Gov. Altgeld was again called into requisition as a stop gap.

A PARTIAL REPORT.

At 1 p. m. the chair announced a partial report of the Committee on Credentials, recommending that each of the Territories and the District of Columbia be granted six votes. Second, after careful comparison of the credentials as returned by the National Committee, they found all of them correct except those from the States of Nebraska and Michigan. In regard to Nebraska, they were pleased to report that the delgates headed by Hon. W. J. Bryan should be admitted to seats. In regard to Michigan, they asked further time.

The motion to adopt the report was carried by a *viva voce* vote, a demand for a roll call which was at first made by Governor Russell being withdrawn on the statement of the chairman of the Credentials Committee that the report was unanimous.

At 1.10 the gold delegation from Nebraska retired to a march tune by the band and their silver successors took their place. The Bryan men, as they marched in, headed by silver-tipped spears and a banner bearing Mr. Bryan's name in silver letters, was applauded.

Renewed calls for Tillman were met with the reply that he was in attendance at the meeting of the Committee on Credentials.

The convention took a recess until 5 p. m. and reassembled at 5.15, with a full attendance of delegates and with crowded galleries. Senator Daniel of Virginia was in the chair as temporary chairman.

CREDENTIALS COMMITTEE'S COMPLETE REPORT.

At 5.50 p. m. the Committee on Credentials presented its complete report, admitting to seats the contesting delegates from the Fourth and Ninth Congressional districts of Michigan and recognizing the right to their seats of all the other delegates from Michigan. The effect is to transform the delegation to a silver delegation by fifteen to thirteen, and as the unit rule prevails it gives Michigan a solid silver vote of twenty-eight in the convention and creates a two-thirds silver majority there.

A MINORITY REPORT

was presented in favor of allowing the delegation to remain as it was on the temporary roll. Debate on the reports was at once begun.

Mr. Brennan, of Wisconsin, advocated the adoption of the minority report, and said he feared the effect of the adoption of the majority report upon the country. He entered into details of the facts involved in the contest, and said the report in this case, if adopted, would establish the fact that a majority in the first flush of success might go into a sovereign State and upset the action of a legal convention. He charged that the contest originated only three or four weeks ago, when certain facts became apparent as to the majority in this convention. He had since become acquainted with that majority, and he appealed with confidence to their sense of justice and fairness.

Gov. McLaurin, of Mississippi, a member of the Committee on Credentials, gave a history of the election of delegates in Michigan, asserting that there was a clear majority of Democratic voters in that State in favor of silver; so that there was no issue here to throttle the will, or to stifle the purpose of that majority of Democrats. He spoke of the orders issued from Washington to Federal office-holders in Michigan to carry that State at all hazards for gold, and he said that it was a question for the convention to decide whether the men who represented the majority of the Democracy of that State were to be driven out by the convention.

The audience manifested impatience at the length of Mr. McLaurin's explanation and broke into constant cries for a speech from Hill, but notice was given that if these interruptions were persisted in, the galleries would be cleared. The notice was of little avail, for hardly had Gov. McLaurin taken up the thread of his story, when the shouts for Hill broke out afresh.

Then the sergeant-at-arms made the solemn proclamation, 'Gentlemen: the chair has requested the sergeant-at-arms to instruct the assistant sergeant-at-arms and the police department to remove from the galleries any one who disturbs the meeting, and he will carry out the order." [Ironical applause and laughter]

Gov. McLaurin referring to the war of 1812, a delegate raised the point of order that events of such ancient history were not germane to this discussion, to which Gov. McLaurin replied, "Put fire on a terrapin's back if you want to see it move," and brought his remarks to a close.

Mr. Stevenson, member of the National Committee from the State of Michigan, opposed the majority report, beginning his speech with the statement: "I am the man who they say stole Michigan. Even so. [Laughter.] I do not desire to discuss the financial question now, but to assert the rights of the delegates elected by a sovereign State to sit in a Democratic National Convention. [Cheers] "The convention," he added, "has no right to sit as a committee on credentials on a State convention. It may answer its purpose now, but it would be making a precedent which will return to damn you some day." [Cheers.] "The only safe Democratic doctrine is to stand by precedents and to seat the delegates who hold the only credentials that have been issued from those districts."

Ex-Lieut. Gov. Sheehan, a member of the National Committee, made a statement to prove the impartiality of that committee in its action on the various contested election cases and argued in opposition to the majority report on credentials Mr. Sheehan referred to the fact that a poll of the Michigan delegation as it originally stood showed 15 for gold and 13 for silver, and he disclosed the secrets of the committee room by saying that at first the majority of the committee favored unseating all four of the delegates-at-large. But wiser counsels prevailed and the delegates at-large were retained. But the district delegates had been unseated, and what was the purpose? to make the delegation 15 and 13, and thus open the way to the overthrow of the time-honored doctrine of the two thirds rule?

The discussion was closed by speeches by Mr. Weadock, of Michigan, and Mr. O'Donnell, of Colorado. Little or no attention, however, was paid to these speeches, as the crowd in the galleries was quite turbulent and could not be kept in order. The convention itself, as well as the spectators in the galleries, were in a hurry to come to a vote, and Mr. O'Donnell assisted that view by moving the previous question on the report. The previous question was seconded.

VOTE ON THE MINORITY REPORT.

The vote was then taken on the minority substitute of the Credentials Committee, which retains the sitting (gold) members from the Fourth and Ninth Michigan districts in their seats.

When New York's seventy-two votes were announced as in favor of the minority report, a tumultuous wave of cheering broke over the assembly. The first efforts of the chairman to repress the manifestation by the use of his gavel was met by a counter demonstration on the part of the gold delegates, who, rising and turning their backs to the chairman and their faces to the immense crowds in the galleries, waved hats and handkerchiefs and stood on their chairs and gesticulated. The galleries, evidently strongly anti silver in sentiment, were not slow to respond and unearthly sounds from 15,000 throats filled the vast space of the great hall. The Tammany yell was plainly heard in every temporary lull. The band tried in vain to compete with the babel of noise. Every rap of the chairman's gavel only seemed to start it again as it began to quiet down. Shouts for Hill, yodel calls and shrill whistles added to the confusion. Then the silver men began to hiss and stamp their feet and this made matters infinitely worse. Senator Daniel's powerless voice, much worn with its service yesterday, called the next State "North Carolina." "North Carolina declines to vote till she can be heard," replied the chairman of the delegation.

State Chairman Hinckley, ex-Mayor Hugh Grant and other prominent New Yorkers, vainly tried to stop the demonstration. It went on uninterrupted for fifteen minutes and was barely silenced, when the roll-call was resumed. When Pennsylvania was reached and Chairman Harrity, mounting on a chair, said "Pennsylvania casts her 64 votes aye," an attempt was made to renew the demonstration, but it died away in a few seconds, spectators and delegates being almost tired out.

MINORITY REPORT REJECTED.

The vote resulted in the rejection of the minority report—yeas 368, nays 558; absent 4. "The noes have it," said the chairman, "and the amendment is lost." It was now the silver men's turn, and they yelled and waved hats and handkerchiefs and displayed Bland pictures and made the night hideous for nearly as long as the good men, the galleries impartially assisting.

During the jubilation by the silver men, two stout Kentucky delegates danced a break-down in the aisle at the rear of the delegates' section, several others "patting time," as the Southern phrase is, amid the wildest laughter.

The chairman put the question on the majority report of the Committee on Credentials and declared it adopted.

PERMANENT ORGANIZATION.

The report of the Committee on Permanent Organization was then presented by Mr. Finley, of Ohio, naming Senator White, of California, as permanent president of the convention, and Thos. J. Cogan, of Ohio, as permanent secretary.

A question was put to Mr. Finley as to whether the State of Michigan had a representative in the National Committee as reported and it was answered in the affirmative.

An amendment to the report was offered in relation to the appointment of delegates from Nebraska to the several committees (substituting other names) and the amendment was agreed to.

A motion was made to refer back to the committee that portion of the report relating to committeemen from Michigan and it was agreed to. With these exceptions, the report was adopted.

A committee of three was then appointed to escort Senator White, the permanent chairman, to the chair, the committee consisting of Mr. Finley, of Ohio, Mr. McConnell, of Illinois, and Senator Vest, of Missouri.

Senator Daniel, in retiring from the temporary chairmanship, expressed his deep sense of the honor which he enjoyed, and introduced Mr. White as the distinguished Senator from California.

Senator White, on taking the chair, spoke of the convention as an assemblage of men from every State and Territory in the Union, and said that he was prepared to extend full, equal, absolute and impartial treatment to all. Every question before the convention should be, he said, considered carefully and deliberately and when the voice of the convention is crystalized into a judgment, that judgment should be binding on all true Democrats. [Cheers.] "We differ, perhaps," he continued, "in vital issues We meet in friendly contest, presenting what seems to us proper and right. We submit our views to the candid judgment of our brethren and on that judgment we will certainly rely. We find in life numerous instances of hopes unrealized. Men of prominence pass away, some to oblivion, others because they are summoned to another shore; but the Democratic party will not die, even when we all have ceased to live. [Cheers].

"When the differences that challenge consideration to-night have passed into history the Democratic party—the guardian of the people's rights—will endure to bless mankind. My ambitions and yours are but for a moment. Whether I succeed or you succeed, in impressing my views or your views on the convention, seems now of supreme importance, but will not seem so in the future. In this council chamber the Democratic party looks for the vindication of its existence. The people look to us here for the righting of their wrongs and for the defence of the Constitution—the great bulwark of our liberties. We are here to-night its best, its truest and its most loyal defenders." [Cheers.] "There is no sectionalism here, none whatever. Equal and impartial justice to all this land, the triumph of the people as exemplified and impressed in Democracy is that object for which we have assembled, and if they carry out the object I will consecrate my best exertions." [Loud applause]

Mr. Clark, of Montana, rising in the body of the hall, produced a silver gavel from the mines of Montana, which he tendered to the presiding officer in the name of the delegation from that State. The chairman remarked that in the absence of objection he would feel compelled to accept this handsome token from the Montana delegation. No objection being heard, the silver gavel was passed up to the chairman.

Senator Jones, of Arkansas, chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, announced that the Committee on Platform and Resolutions would meet to-morrow morning at 9.30 o'clock. This was taken by the heated and excited audience as an indication of an immediate adjournment, and for the second time in the course of the day an incipient panic partially developed. People in the galleries began to move out with a rush and a corresponding movement was started on the floor. The means of exit from the building are so utterly insufficient that trouble might have followed but that the sergeant-at-arms, raising his big voice, commanded his deputies to "stop those men."

When some degree of order had been thus restored, a motion to adjourn till 10 o'clock to-morrow morning was put at 9.37 p. m., was declared carried, and the second day's convention ended.

THE PLATFORM.

The following is the platform as finally agreed upon by the Committee on Resolutions to be submitted to the convention, when the report is called for:

"We, the Democrats of the United States, in National Convention assembled, do reaffirm our allegiance to those great essential principles of justice and liberty upon which our institutions are founded, and which the Democratic party has advocated from Jefferson's time to our own, freedom of speech, freedom of the press, freedom of conscience, the preservation of personal rights, the equality of all citizens before the law, and the faithful observance of constitutional limitations. During all these years the Democratic party has resisted the tendency of selfish interests to the centralization of governmental power and steadfastly maintained the integrity of the dual scheme of government established by the founders of this Republic of republics. Under its guidance and teachings the principle of self-government has found its best expression in the maintenance of the rights of the States and in its assertion of the necessity of confining the General Government to the exercise of the powers granted by the Constitution of the United States.

"Recognizing that the money question is paramount to all others at this time, we invite attention to the fact that the Federal Constitution names silver and gold together as the money metals of the United States, and that the first coinage law passed by Congress under the Constitution made the silver dollar the monetary unit and admitted gold to free coinage at a ratio based upon the silver dollar unit,

"We declare that the Act of 1873 demonetizing silver without the knowledge or approval of the American people, has resulted in the appreciation of gold and a corresponding fall in the prices of commodities produced by the people; a heavy increase in the burden of taxation and of all debts, public and private; the enrichment of the money lending class at home and abroad; the prostration of industry and impoverishment of the people.

"We are unalterably opposed to a monometallism which has locked fast the prosperity of an industrial people in the paralysis of hard times. Gold monometallism is a British policy and its adoption has brought other nations into financial servitude to London. It is not only un-American but anti-American, and it can be fastened on the United States only by the stifling of that spirit and love of liberty which proclaimed our political independence in 1776 and won it in the war of the Revolution.

"We demand the free and unlimited coinage of both gold and silver at the present legal ratio of 16 to 1, without waiting for the aid or consent of any other nation. We demand that the standard silver dollar shall be a full legal tender, equally with gold, for all debts, public and private, and we favor such legislation as will prevent for the future the demonetization of any kind of legal tender money by private contract.

"We are opposed to the policy and practice of surrendering to the holders of the obligations of the United States the option reserved by law to the Government of redeeming such obligations in either silver coin or gold coin.

"We are opposed to the issuing of interest-bearing bonds of the United States in time of peace and condemn the trafficking with banking syndicates which, in exchange for bonds and at an enormous profit to themselves, supply the Federal Treasury with gold to maintain the policy of gold monometallism.

"Congress alone has the power to coin and issue money and President Jackson declared that this power could not be delegated to corporations or individuals. We, therefore, demand that the power to issue notes to circulate as money be taken from the national banks and that all paper money shall be issued directly by the Treasury Department and be receivable in coin and receivable for all debts, public and private.

"We hold that the tariff duties should be levied for purposes of revenue, such duties to be so adjusted as to operate equally throughout the country and not discriminate between class and section, and that taxation should be limited by the needs of the Government, honestly and uniformly administered. We denounce as disturbing to business the Republican threat to restore the McKinley law, which has twice been condemned by the people in national elections and which, enacted under the false plea of protection to home industries, has proved a prolific breeder of trusts and monopolies, enriched the few at the expense of the many, restricted trade and deprived the producers of the great American staples of access to their natural markets Until the money question is settled, we are opposed to any agitation for further changes in our tariff laws except such as are necessary to meet the deficit in revenue caused by the adverse decision of the Supreme Court on the income tax. But for this decision by the Supreme Court, there would be no deficit in the revenue under the law passed by a Democratic Congress in strict pursuance of the uniform decisions of that court for nearly one hundred years, that court having in that decision sustained constitutional objections to its enactment, which had previously been overruled by the ablest judges who have ever sat on that bench. We declare that it is the duty of Congress to use all the constitutional power which remains after that decision or what may come from its reversal by the court, as it may hereafter be constituted, so that the burden of taxation may be equally and impartially laid, to the end that wealth may bear its due proportion of the expenses of the Government.

"We hold that the most efficient way of protecting American labor is to prevent the importation of foreign pauper labor to compete with it in the home market and that the value of the home market to our American farmers and artisans is greatly reduced by a vicious monetary system which depresses the prices of their products below the cost of production, and thus deprives them of the means of purchasing the products of our home manufacturers.

"The absorption of wealth by the few, the consolidation of our leading railroad systems, and the formation of trusts and people require a stricter control by the Federal Government of those arteries of commerce.

"We demand the enlargement of the powers of the Inter-State Commerce Commission and such restrictions and guarantees in the control of railroads as will protect the people from robbery and oppression.

"We denounce the profligate waste of the money wrung from the people by oppressive taxation and the lavish appropriations of recent Republican Congresses, which have kept taxes high while the labor that pays them is unemployed and the products of the people's toil are depressed in price till they no longer repay the cost of production.

"We demand a return to that simplicity and economy which befits a Democratic Government and a reduction in the number of useless officers, the salaries of which drain the substance of the people.

"We denounce arbitrary interference by Federal authorities in local affairs as a violation of the Constitution of the United States and a crime against free institutions, and we especially object to government by injunction as a new and highly dangerous form of oppression by which Federal judges, in contempt of the laws of the States and rights of citizens, become at once legislators, judges and executioners, and we approve the bill passed at the last session of the United States Senate, and now pending in the House of Representatives, relative to contempts in Federal Courts, and providing trials by jury in certain cases of contempt.

"No discrimination should be exercised by the Government of the United States in favor of any of its debtors. We approve of the refusal of the Fifty-third Congress to pass the Pacific Railroad funding bill and denounce the efforts of the present Republican Congress to enact a similar measure.

"Recognizing the just claims of deserving Union soldiers, we heartily endorse the rule of the present Commissioner of Pensions, that no names shall be arbitrarily dropped from the pension roll, and the fact of the enlistment and service should be deemed conclusive evidence against disease and disability before enlistment.

"We favor the admission of the Territories of New Mexico and Arizona into the Union as States, and we favor the early admission of all the Territories having the necessary population and resources to entitle them to Statehood, and while they remain Territories we hold that the officials appointed to administer the government of any Territory together with the District of Columbia and Alaska, should be *bona fide* residents of the Territory or the district in which the duties are to be performed.

"The Democratic party believes in home rule, and that all public lands of the United States should be appropriated to the establishment of free homes for American citizens.

"We recommend that the Territory of Alaska be grated a delegate in Congress and that the general land and timber laws of the United States be extended to said Territory.

"We extend our sympathy to the people of Cuba in their heroic struggle for liberty and independence.

"We are opposed to life tenure in the public service. We favor appointments based upon merit, fixed terms of office and such an administration of the Civil Service laws as will afford equal opportunities to all citizens of ascertained fitness.

"We declare it to be the unwritten law of this Republic, established by custom and the usage of one hundred years, and sanctioned by the examples of the greatest and wisest of those who founded and have maintained our Government, that no man shall be eligible for a third term of the Presidential office.

"The Federal Government should care for and improve the Mississippi river and other great waterways of the Republic so as to secure for the interior States easy and cheap transportation to tide water. When any waterway of the Republic is of sufficient importance to demand aid of the Government such aid should be extended upon a definite plan of continuous work until permanent improvement is secured.

"Confiding in the justice of our cause and the necessity of its success at the polls, we submit the foregoing declaration of principles and purposes to the considerate judgment of the American people. We invite the support of all citizens who approve them, and who desire to have them made effective through legislation for the relief of the people, and the restoration of the country's prosperity."

A MINORITY REPORT.

When the report of the Committee on Resolutions is made to the convention to-morrow, a minority report will be also presented indorsing the financial policy of the Cleveland administration.

To that Senator Tillman, of South Carolina, will offer an amendment and address the convention upon it for fifty minutes. Senator Tillman's amendment is in these words:

"We denounce the administration of President Cleveland as un-Democratic and tyrannical, and as a departure from those principles which are cherished by all liberty-loving Americans. The veto power has been used to thwart the will of the people as expressed by their representatives in Congress. The appointive power has been used to subsidize the press, to debauch Congress and to overawe and control citizens in the free exercise of their constitutional rights as voters. A plutocratic despotism is thus sought to be established on the ruins of the Republic. We repudiate the construction placed on the financial plank of the last Democratic National platform by President Cleveland and Secretary Carlisle, as contrary to the plain meaning of English words, and as being an act of bad faith, deserving the severest censure. The issue of bonds in time of peace with which to buy gold to redeem certain obligations payable in silver or gold at the option of the Government and the use of the proceeds to defray the ordinary expenses of the Government are both unlawful usurpation of authority, deserving impeachment."

AFFAIRS IN CUBA.

The Three Friends Landed an Expedition Monday Night and Escaped a Spanish Cruiser—A Battle Fought Sunday—The Spaniards Defeated.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

JACKSONVILLE FLA., July 8.—A special to the *Times Union* from Key West says: Your correspondent is reliably informed that the Three Friends landed an expedition Monday night about 12 o'clock near Camaguri and was at 2 o'clock sighted by the Spanish warship Alfonzo XII. All the men and ammunition having been landed by this time, the Three Friends started on her way back. In their haste they left their three surf boats, which were found by the Spaniards and taken to Havana. Shortly after sighting this coast the United States steamship Raleigh hove in sight, and thinking her the Alfonzo, the Three Friends was pushed to her utmost capacity.

Dr. Castillo is being tendered a grand ovation in this city to-night. He leaves by the Mascotte on his way to New York and will stop a few days in Jacksonville.

Passengers by the Mascotte to night report that a battle was fought near Guanabacoa on Sunday, and the opinion prevails in Havana that the Spaniards were de eated. Trains are arriving in the city bringing in wounded soldiers.

Louis Someillan, an American citizen, has again been arrested and placed in solitary confinement.

THE GULF STORM.

Damage at Pensacola About $300,000—Merchant's Hotel and Every Business House Unroofed—No Lives Lost.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MOBILE, July 8.—Reports to the *Register* by wire say that the wind at Pensacola at 11.30 a. m., reached 72 miles, then lulled and shifted to the northwest and raised to 100 miles an hour. Nearly every business house in Pensacola was unroofed and the contents damage. The Merchant's Hotel on Palafox street, and the Methodist Church were unroofed. Some small houses were blown down and trees uprooted everywhere, so that the streets are impassable and last night were in darkness. In the harbor vessels dragged their anchors and were drawn hither and thither, against wharves and other craft. The steamers kept away by using their steam. The Swedish brique Svea, the Norweg an barque Johan Ludwig, and the Italian brig Dendeni are ashore hard and fast. The yacht Annie M lies one mile from shore in eighteen feet of water. The tug Nellie Keyser is sunk near her wharf.

The damage in the city is about $300,000, but no lives were lost. The L. & N R R. east to Jacksonville, is washed up in places. The nearest telegraph office is Flomaton.

LYNCHBURG & DURHAM R. R.

Decree of Foreclosure Sale of the Railway.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., July 8.—Judge Simonton of the United States Circuit Court, at Asheville, signed a decree of foreclosure for the sale of the Lynchburg and Durham Railway and it was filed here to-day. The decree is in favor of the Mercantile Trust Company of New York, and is by consent. The road is 115 miles long and cost two and a half millions dollars. It was leased to the Norfolk and Western for ninety-nine years. The date of sale will be fixed later.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, July 8.—The *Sun* says: Cotton declined one to three points, recovered the loss and closed dull, with prices unchanged to one point higher, after sales of 78 400 bales.

To-day's features: Cotton prices to-day were influenced mainly by weather reports. The weekly Government weather report was favorable and depressed Liverpool, while this market also declined. But the daily report showed excessive rains in the Atlantic States, the precipitation ranging from 2 to 2½ inches, and prices here quickly rallied. Liverpool recovered most of the loss.

BASE BALL.

Result of Games Played Yesterday at Various Places.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

St. Louis—St. Louis 3; New York 8
Cincinnati—Cincinnati 3; Philadelphia 2.
Chicago—Chicago 13; Baltimore 15.
Pittsburg—Pittsburg 19; Washington 0.
Cleveland—Cleveland 6, Brooklyn 11.
Louisville—Boston 2; Louisville 10.

A Child Enjoys

The pleasant flavor, gentle action, and soothing effect of Syrup of Figs, when in need of a laxative, and if the father or mother be costive or bilious, the most gratifying results follow its use; so that it is the best family remedy known and every family should have a bottle.

The Republican Congressional Convention of the Eighth North Carolina district was held at Wilkesboro yesterday. Congressman R. Z. Linney was renominated by acclamation.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, in quantities to suit,

At Your Own Price,

At the STAR Office,

Suitable for WRAPPING PAPER, and excellent for Placing Under Carpets.

Notice.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of Navassa Guano Company of Wilmington will be held at their office in this city on Tuesday, July 7th, at 12 o'clock M.

WM. L. DeROSSET, Secretary.

je 23 3t tu

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and is everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

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For the best and most complete line of Groceries at the lowest city prices, call at Charles D. Jacobs' Retail Grocery Store. No. 217½ North Front street. Attentive delivery men and clerks will hustle up the goods. mar 8 tf

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c21

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21

Dead, Buried and Forgotten

Are the Old Prices, and we will sell you.

20 Bbls Mott's Sweet Cider.
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25 Gross Axle Grease.
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200 Bbls "Magnet" Flour.
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To be sold, and sold at prices to suit the times and the stringency of the markets of our country.

W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer and Commission merchant, 226 North Water street, je 28 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.

A GOOD HORSE

FOR SALE CHEAP.

Also a large assortment of

Provisions

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Get our quotations before buying.

HALL & PEARSALL,

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Ship your Wax and Wool to

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.

12 Market Street.

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At The Unlucky Corner

EXTRA LOT No. 1

MACKEREL,

very fine, very fat.

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC

Ginger Ale.

S. W. SANDERS. je 10 tf

Pure Cold Arctic Soda.

CALL AT HARDIN'S PALACE PHARMACY where you can get the best drink of Soda Water in the city, drawn from the handsomest Soda apparatus in N. C. Our Sherbets and Milk Shakes are grand, and we are crowded daily with ladies and gentlemen who pronounce them elegant and far superior to any in the city. We take a special pride in serving first-class drinks, and use only pure fruit juices in making our Syrups Messina Orange, Cherry Ripe, Fruit Nectar, and dozens of other cold drinks, at

HARDIN'S PALACE PHARMACY

126 So. Front St.

Phone 55. ma 24 tf

Hamme, The Hatter,

For latest styles and lowest prices in Hats, Caps and Umbrellas.

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A. P. LEVY, Manager, my 2 tf 117 Princess street

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For Thirty Years the Favorite Resort of the People of the Cape Fear Section.

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